

FINANCIAL PROJECT NO. 435162-1-12-01

Stakeholder Meeting with the Central Palm Beach County Chamber of Commerce

February 6, 2018



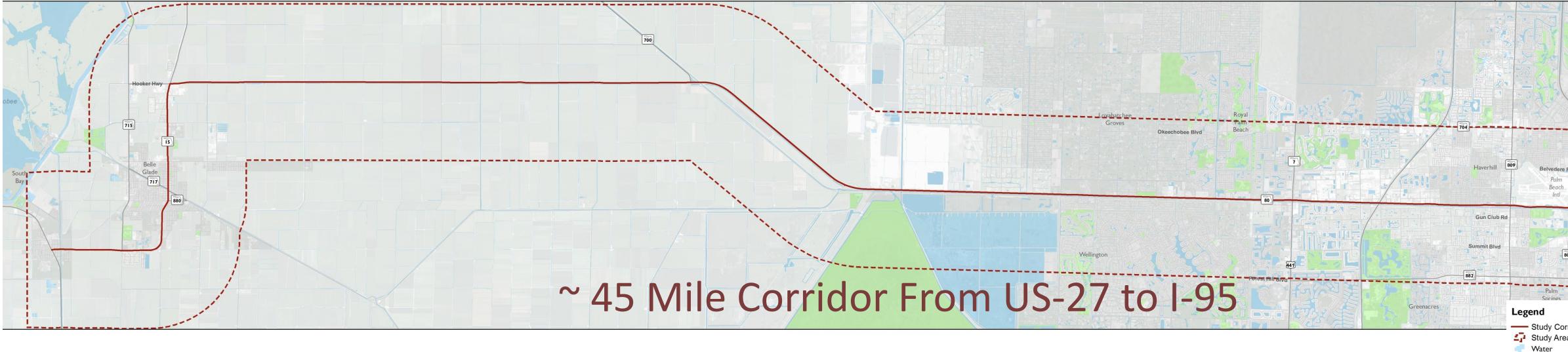




STUDY PURPOSE & PROCESS

STUDY PURPOSE

The purpose of the study is to identify and recommend actions to be taken by FDOT, County agencies, local governments, and other stakeholders to protect mobility and enhance multimodal access along the SR 80 corridor for all users.



What communities are in the study limits?

City of South Bay City of Belle Glade Town of Loxahatchee Groves Village of Royal Palm Beach Village of Wellington

Town of Haverhill Town of Glen Ridge Town of Cloud Lake City of West Palm Beach Palm Beach County

Key Stakeholders:

	-
	Municipalities, communities, and businesses a
	Palm Beach Transportation Planning Agency
	Palm Tran Public Transportation
h	South Florida Water Management District
	Palm Beach County Engineering and Public Wo
	Palm Beach County Planning, Zoning & Building
	Florida's Turnpike Enterprise



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long SR 80

Parks Cities

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STUDY PROCESS





Project Development Process (~10-20 Years)



Look for the lightbulb throughout the presentation to know where innovative approaches were





~2-4 Years Min



STUDY OUTREACH

Technical Review Committees (TRC)

• October 2015, March 2016, and February and May 2017

Stakeholder Interviews

- December 2015
 - West Stakeholder Interviews were held in Belle Glade City Hall
 - East Stakeholder Interviews were held at the Royal Palm Beach Village Hall

Palm Beach TPA Board and Supporting **Committees (TAC, CAC, and BTPAC)**

December 2015 and September 2017

Public Alternatives Workshops

December 2017

Additional One-on-One Outreach Efforts

- January June 2016:
 - Economic Roundtable Discussion
 - Chamber of Commerce of the Palm Beaches Government Affairs Committee
 - Wellington Chamber Business and Economic Development Committee
 - Palm Beach County League of Cities Ocean to Lake Trail Committee
 - Land Use Scenario 2 Discussion with Palm Beach County Engineering and Palm Beach TPA
- July December 2016:
 - Tier 1 Screening Results with Palm Beach County Engineering Division and the Palm Beach TPA
 - Tier 1 Transit Strategies Screening Results with Palm Tran, Palm Beach County Engineering Division, and Palm Beach TPA
- February 2017:
 - Land Use Scenario Results and Transit Planning with Palm Tran and Palm Beach TPA
 - TSM&O Needs with Palm Beach County Traffic Engineering Division and FDOT Traffic Operations Office
- November and December 2017:
 - Recommendations briefing with Palm Tran
 - Study Process and Results Overview with Palm Beach County (multiple divisions including planning, traffic, and design)



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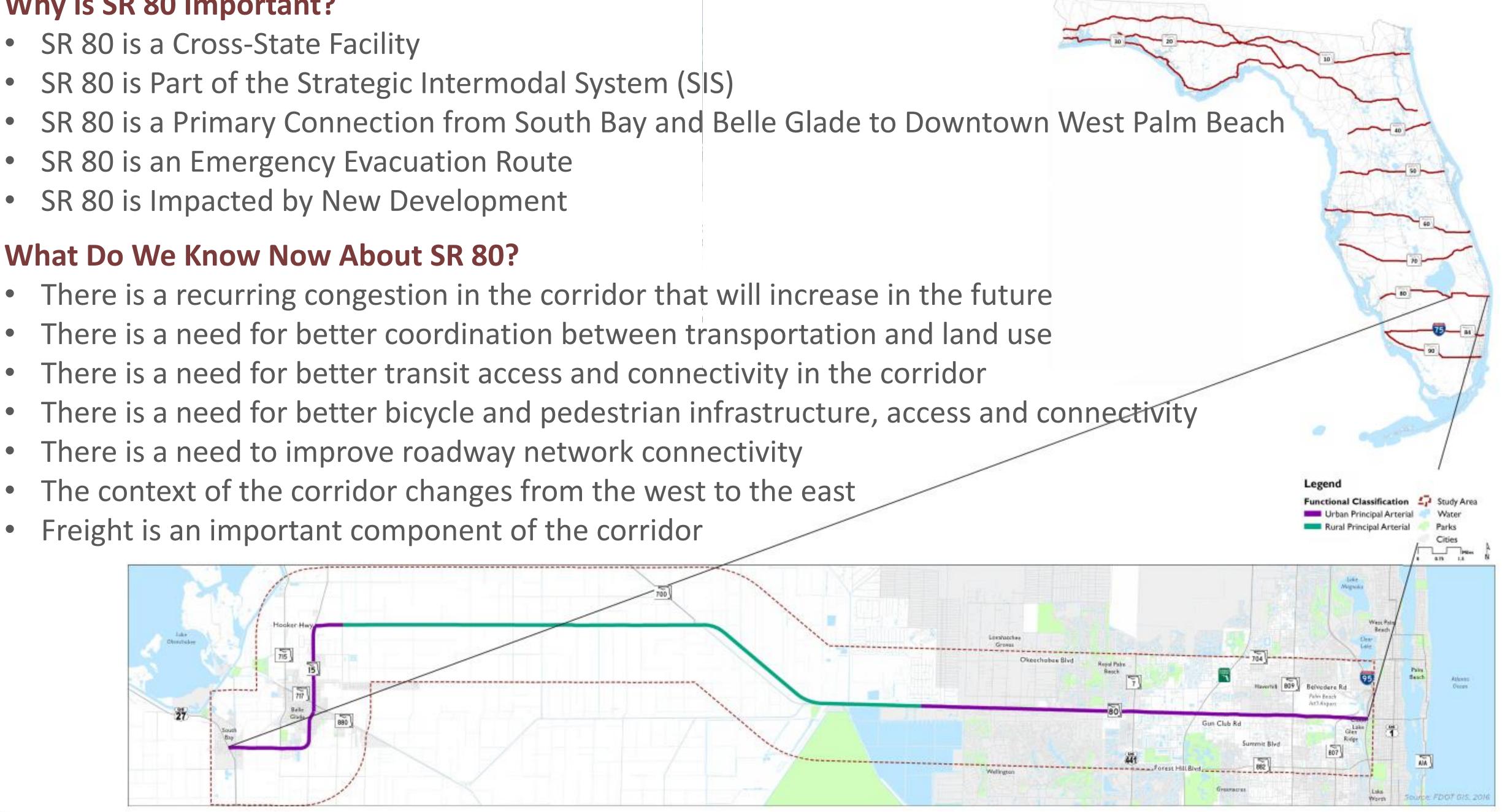
HISTORY & ROLE OF THE CORRIDOR

Why is SR 80 Important?

- SR 80 is a Cross-State Facility
- SR 80 is Part of the Strategic Intermodal System (SIS)
- SR 80 is an Emergency Evacuation Route
- SR 80 is Impacted by New Development

What Do We Know Now About SR 80?

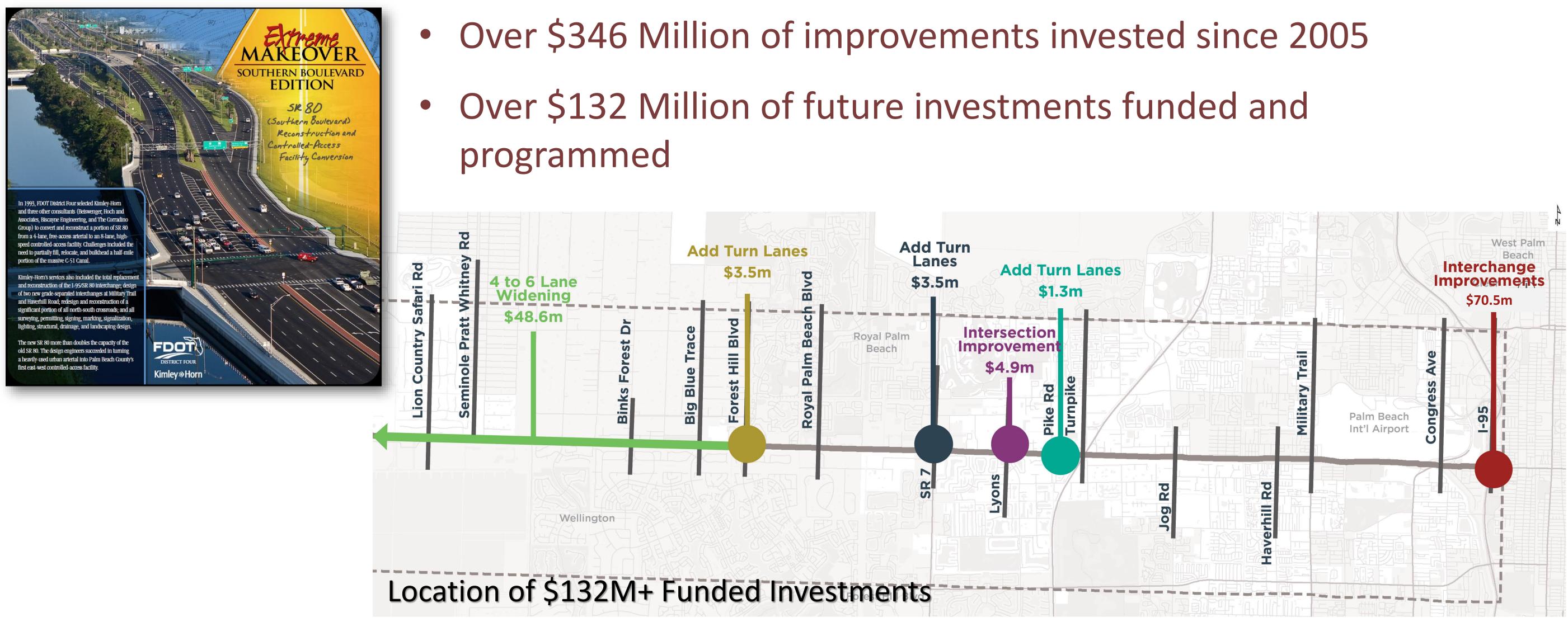
- Freight is an important component of the corridor







HISTORY AND ROLE OF THE CORRIDOR Over the years, FDOT has been working to try and protect the mobility of SR 80.



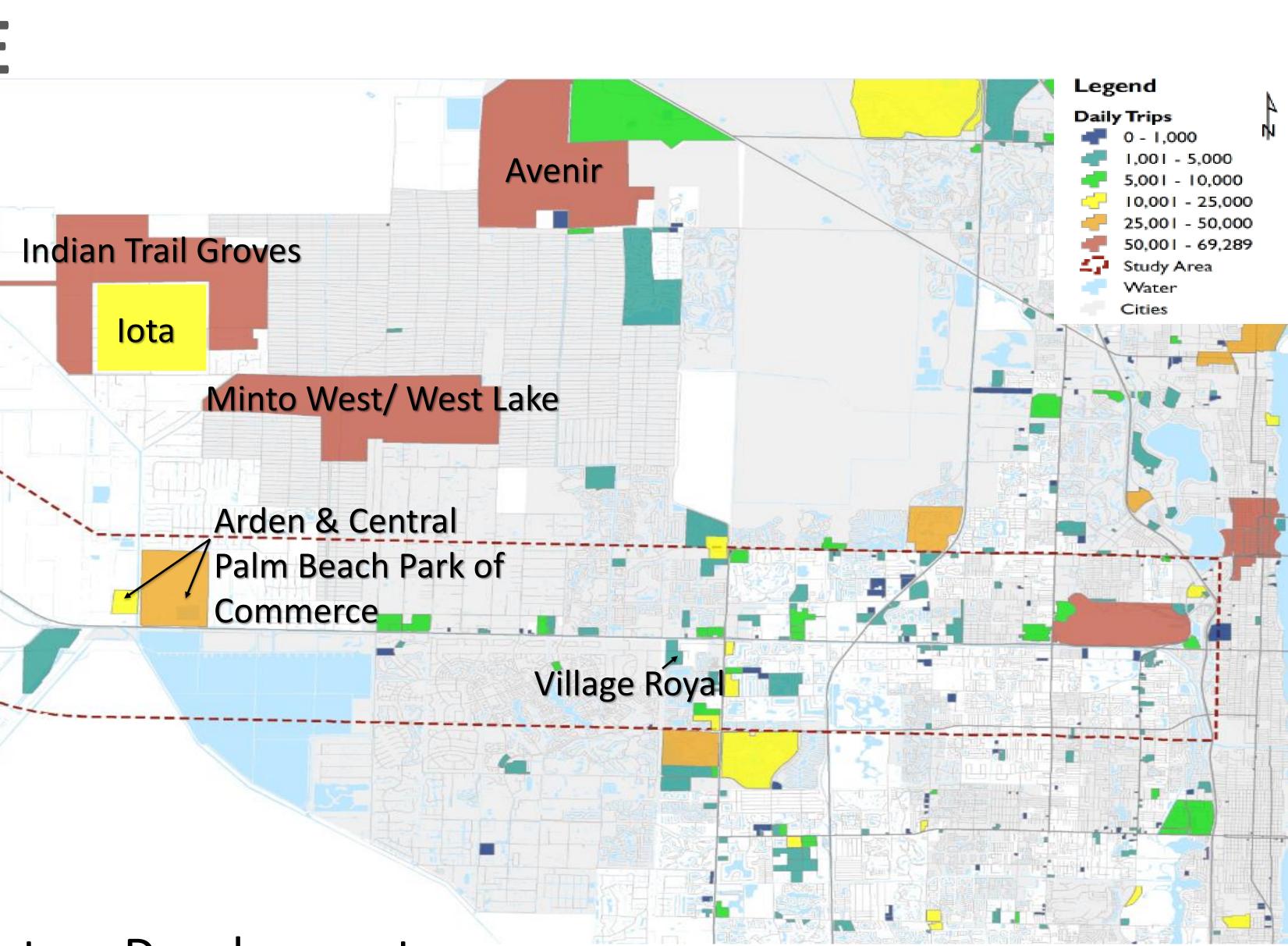




CORRIDOR-WIDE FINDINGS

GROWTH AND LAND USE

- Significant population growth is anticipated by 2040
- ~15,000 new homes have been approved in the western communities, potentially generating over 150,000 trips per day
- Current and future land use is low density and spread out creating more auto demand on SR 80.

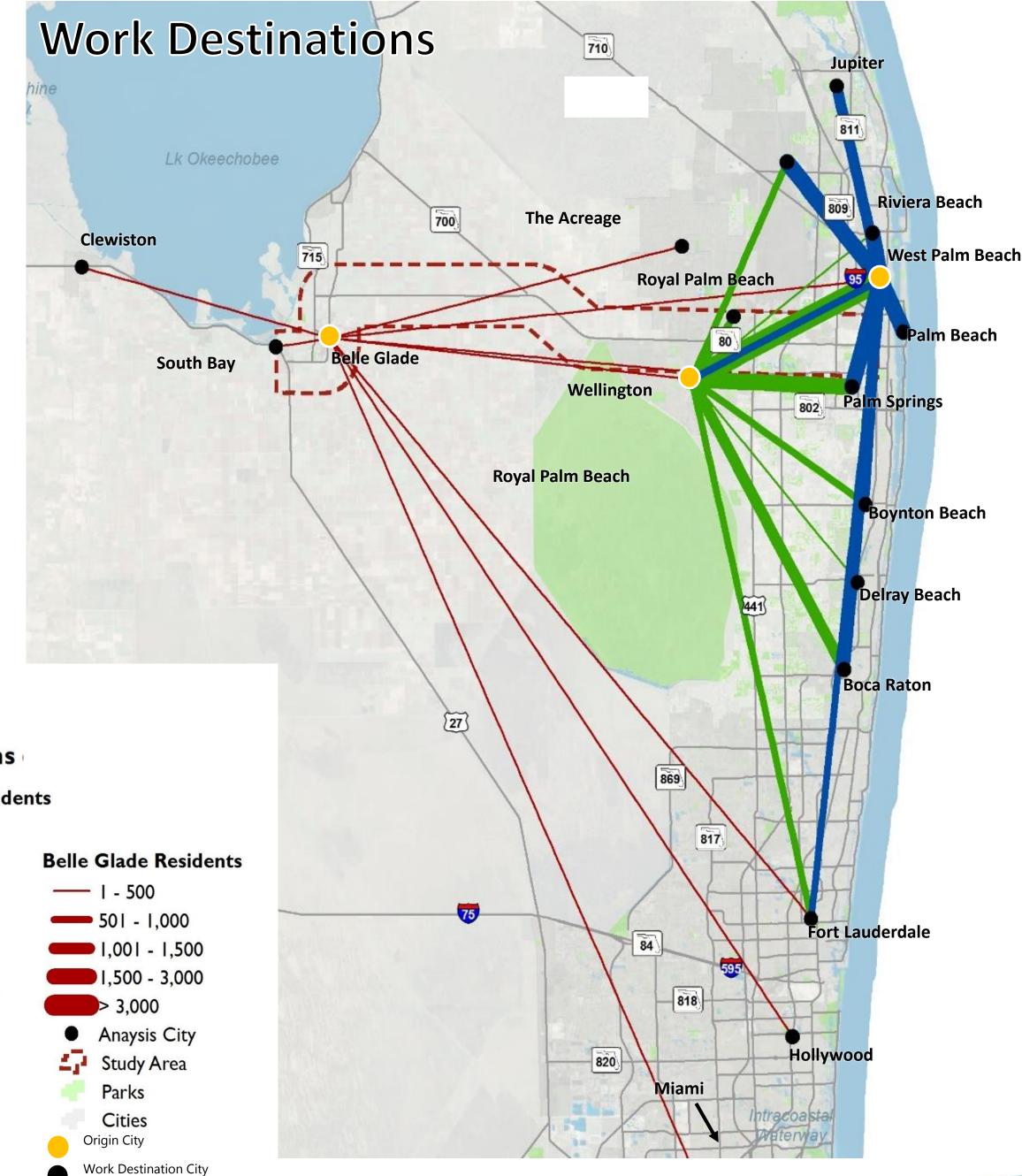


Future Developments Snapshot from 2015-2016; exact development plans may have since changed.



GROWTH AND TRAVEL PATTERNS

- Up to a 25% increase in auto demand by 2040
- Commute patterns are scattered throughout the county and beyond
- Limited street network connectivity forces both local and regional trips onto SR 80



Legend **Work Destinations**

West Palm Beach Residents **—** 501 - 1,000

— 1,001 - 1,500 1,500 - 3,000 > 3,000

Wellington Residents

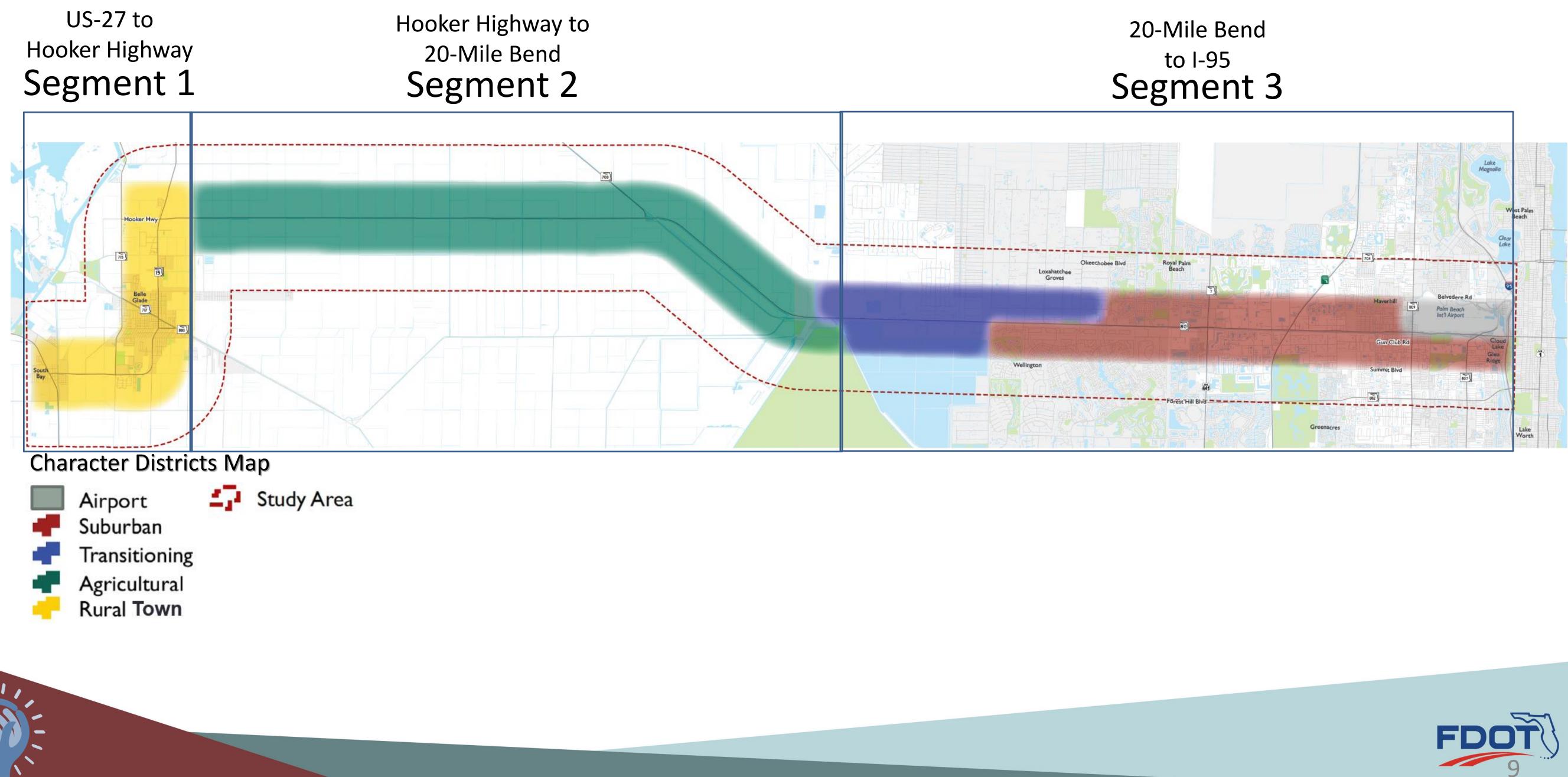


Source: LEHD, 2014





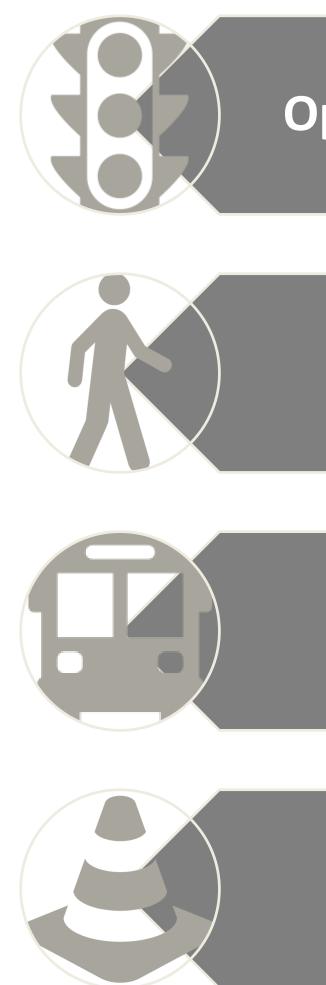
CORRIDOR SEGMENTS Corridor characteristics vary in each segment





CORRIDOR SEGMENTS All alternatives include multiple strategies

- •Network connection enhancements
- •Express/enhanced bus service
- Ped/bike accommodations
- Access management needs
- Land use and policy examples
- •TSM&O (including emerging technologies)
 - Previously Programmed Projects





Operations & Freight

Pedestrians & Bicyclists

Transit

Safety

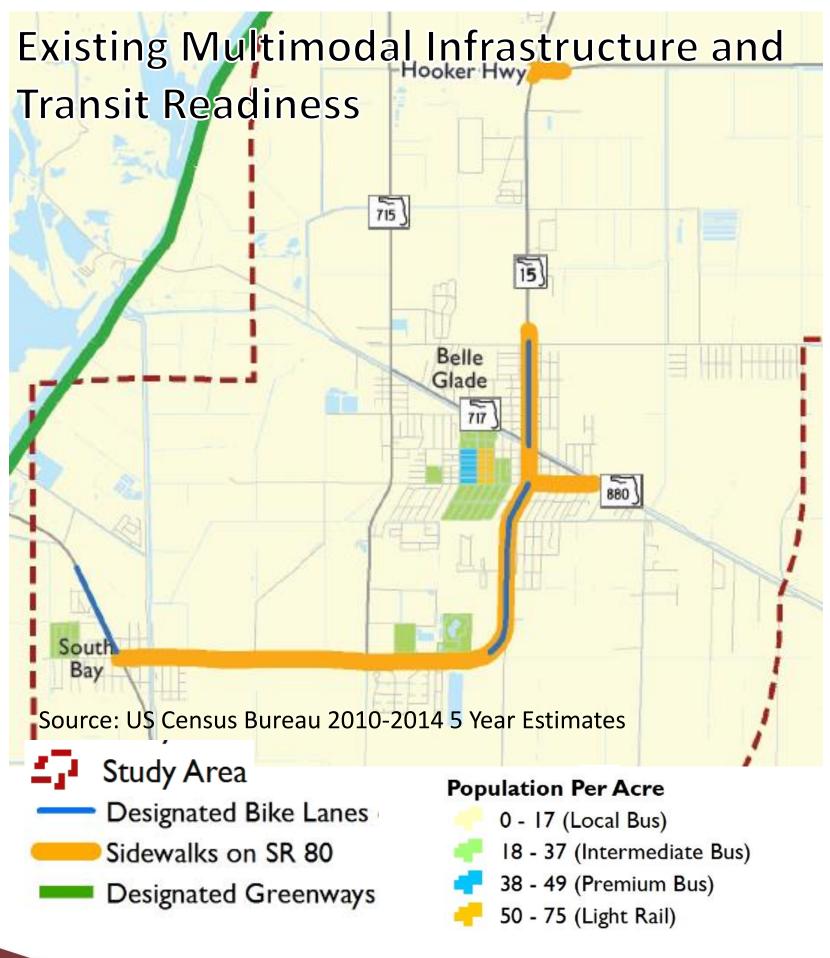


US-27 TO HOOKER HIGHWAY FINDINGS

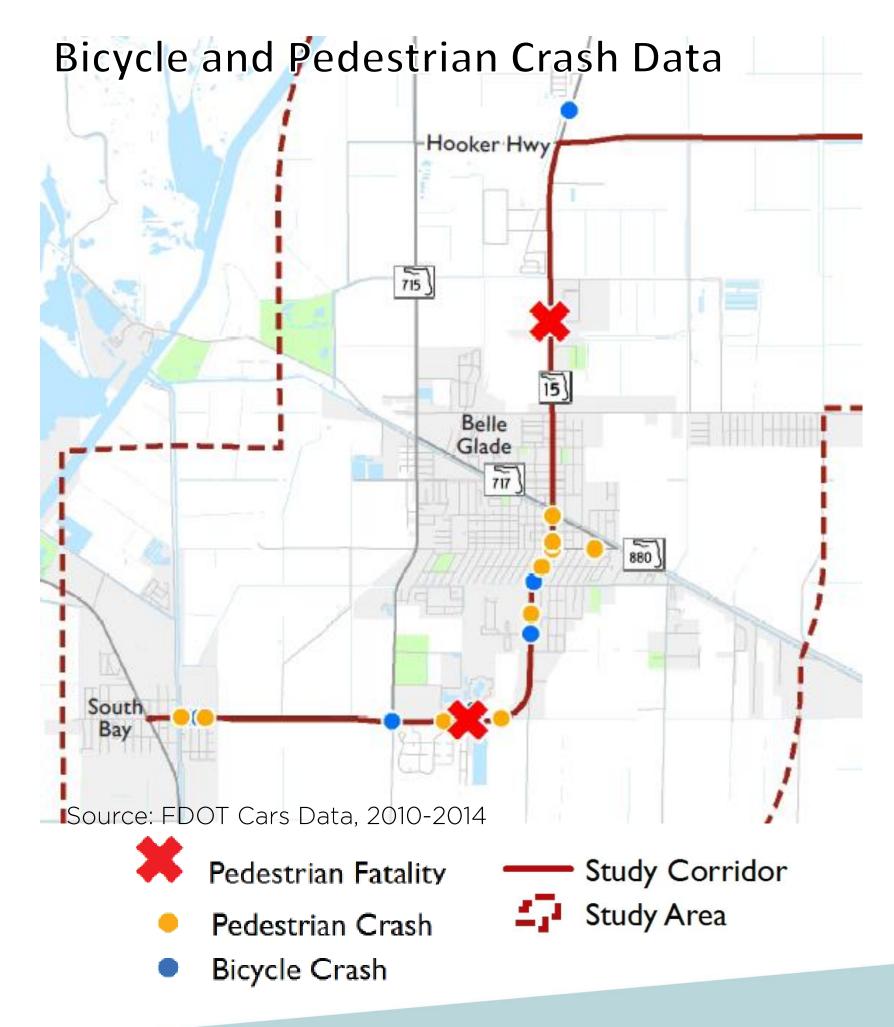
SEGMENT 1 CHARACTERISTICS

Walking and Biking

• Bicycle facilities and sidewalks are not continuous and may not be comfortable for some users.



• Nearly 50% of the entire corridor's pedestrian & bicycle crashes happened in the Belle Glade/South Bay area (this area only makes up 14% of the ~45-mile corridor)



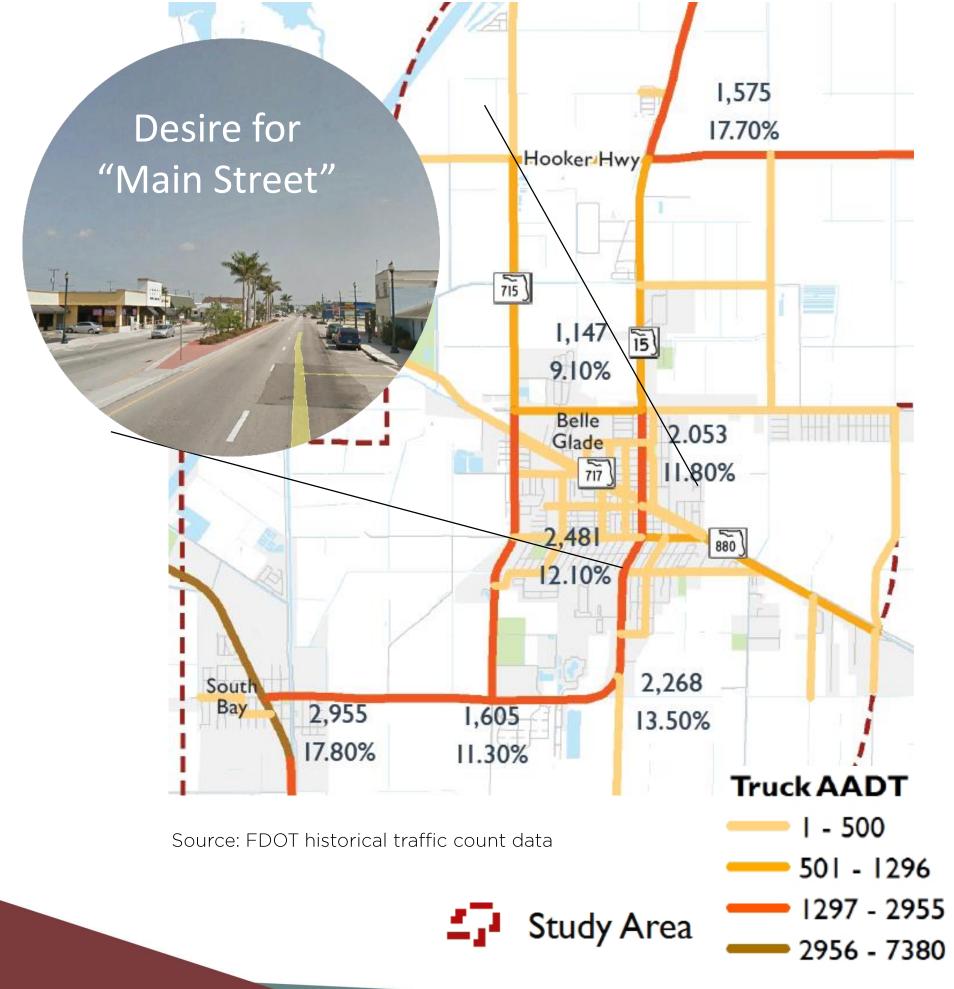




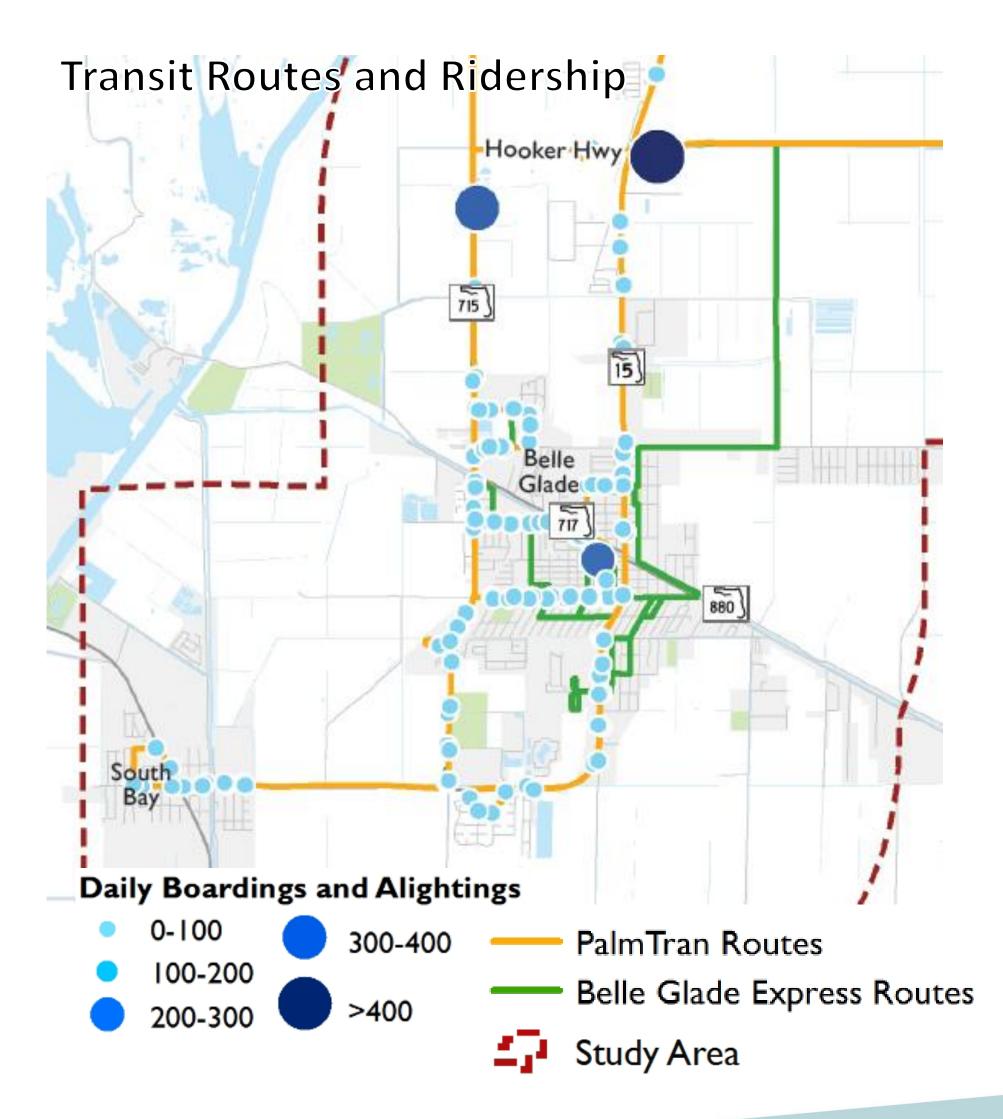
Freight & Traffic

- Transit ridership is highest in this segment of the corridor Local and regional travel must be accommodated while maintaining local downtown streets. and access should be more convenient.
- Future traffic will be accommodated with already planned projects.

Truck Annual Average Daily Trips



Transit







SEGMENT 1 OVERVIEW OF TIERED ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



Screening Results Based On Identified Issues:

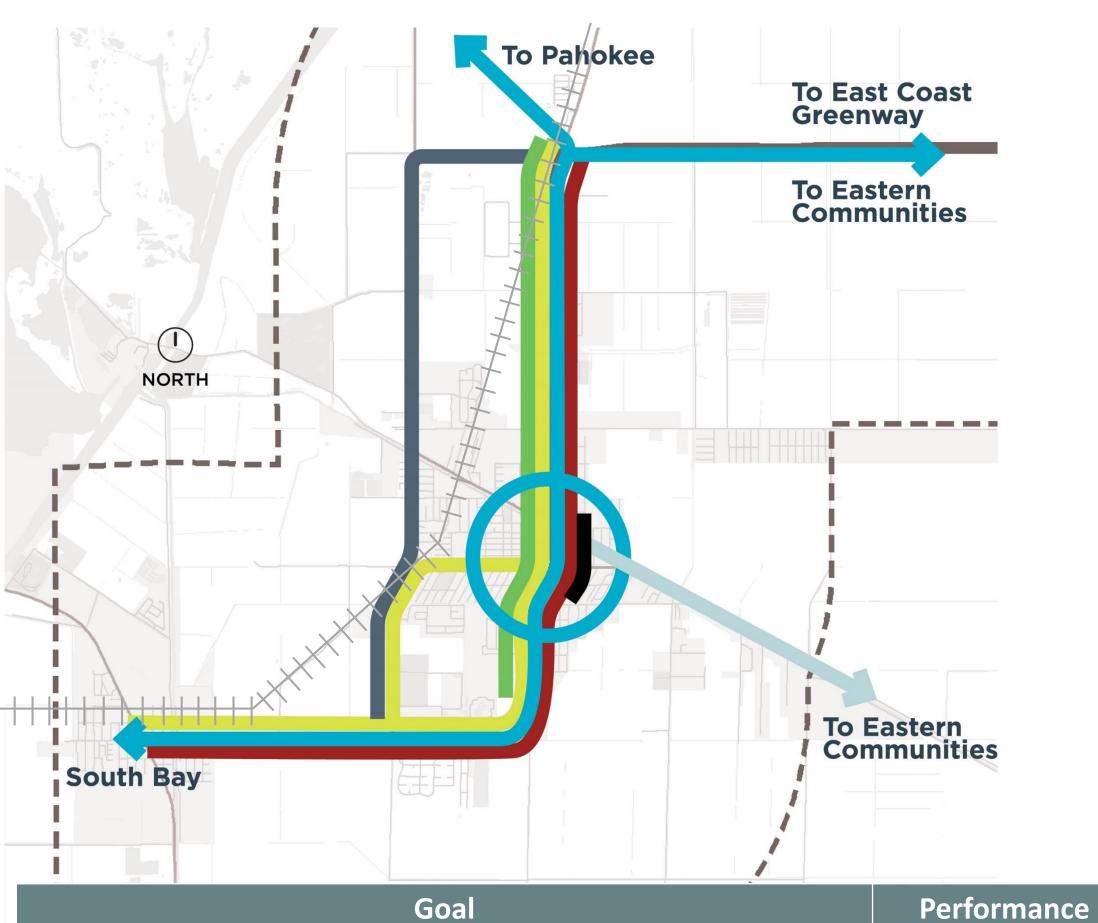
Strategies that did not move forward in the study process for US-27 to Hooker Highway:

- Major roadway capacity changes
- Premium transit (e.g., Light Rail Transit or Streetcar)





Segment 1 Multimodal Alternative Strategies



Increase and improve access to transit Create a safer pedestrian and bicycle system Protect and support Rural Areas of Opportunity Reduce freight/auto conflicts in rural areas Support the freight industry

Good Acceptable O Poor

Continuous, Bike Facility: Provide continuous bicycle facilities to major places of interest

Alternative Freight Routes: Provide a freight route that does not go through the downtown of Belle Glade

Downtown Treatment: Provide a downtown feel through design

Pedestrian and Bicycle Crossing Improvements: Provide frequent and conveniently located crossing opportunities

Safety Study: Conduct a more in-depth safety study with a focus on pedestrian and bicycle travel

Transit Service Improvements: Provide more convenient and accessible transit including a downtown transit hub

Roadway Rehabilitation: Support County rehabilitation efforts to provide a reliable secondary access point



Number of Votes Received from the Public at the Workshops (89 attendees in total) 5 30 3 4 9 10 17

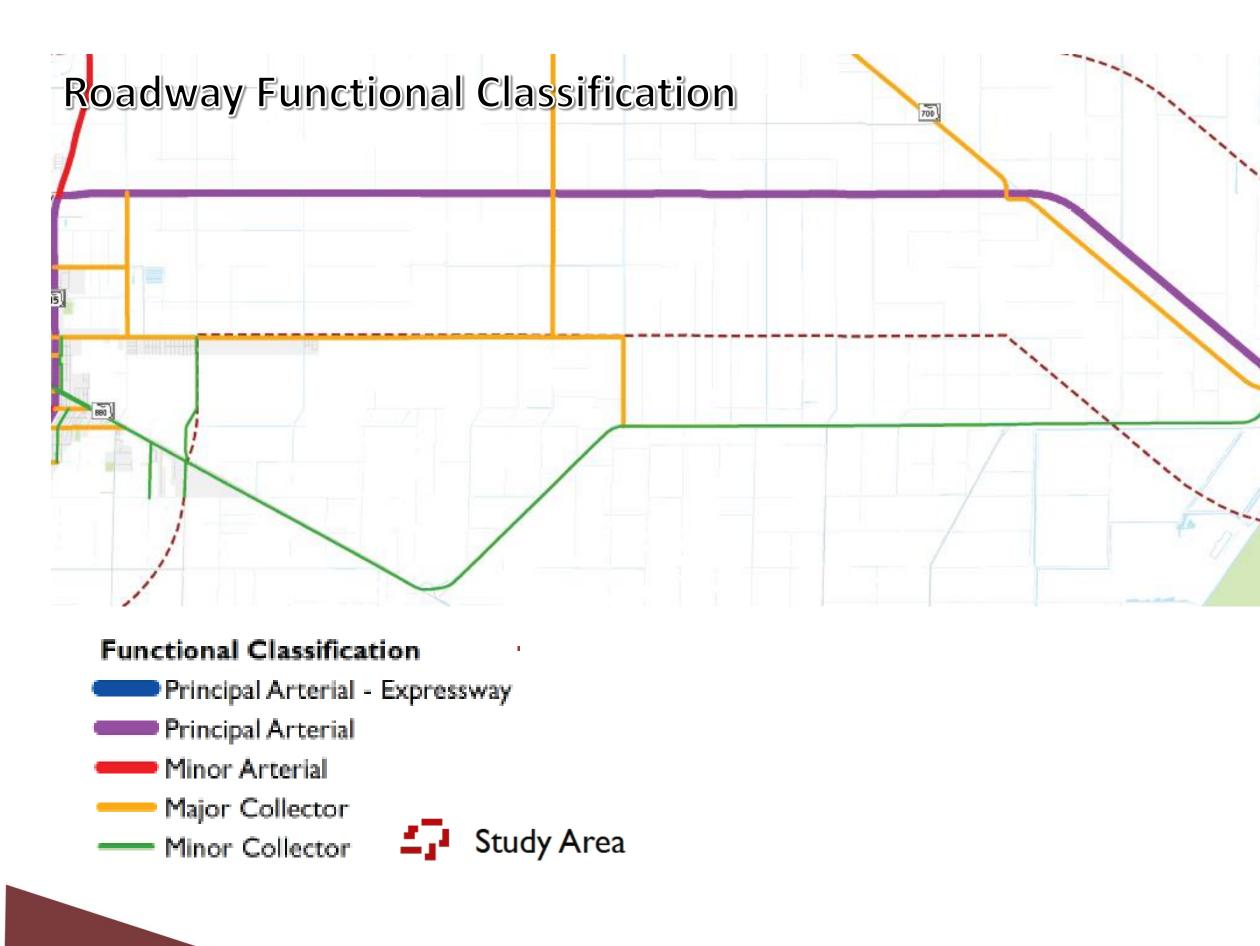


HOOKER HIGHWAY to 20-MILE BEND FINDINGS

SEGEMENT 2 CHARACTERISTICS

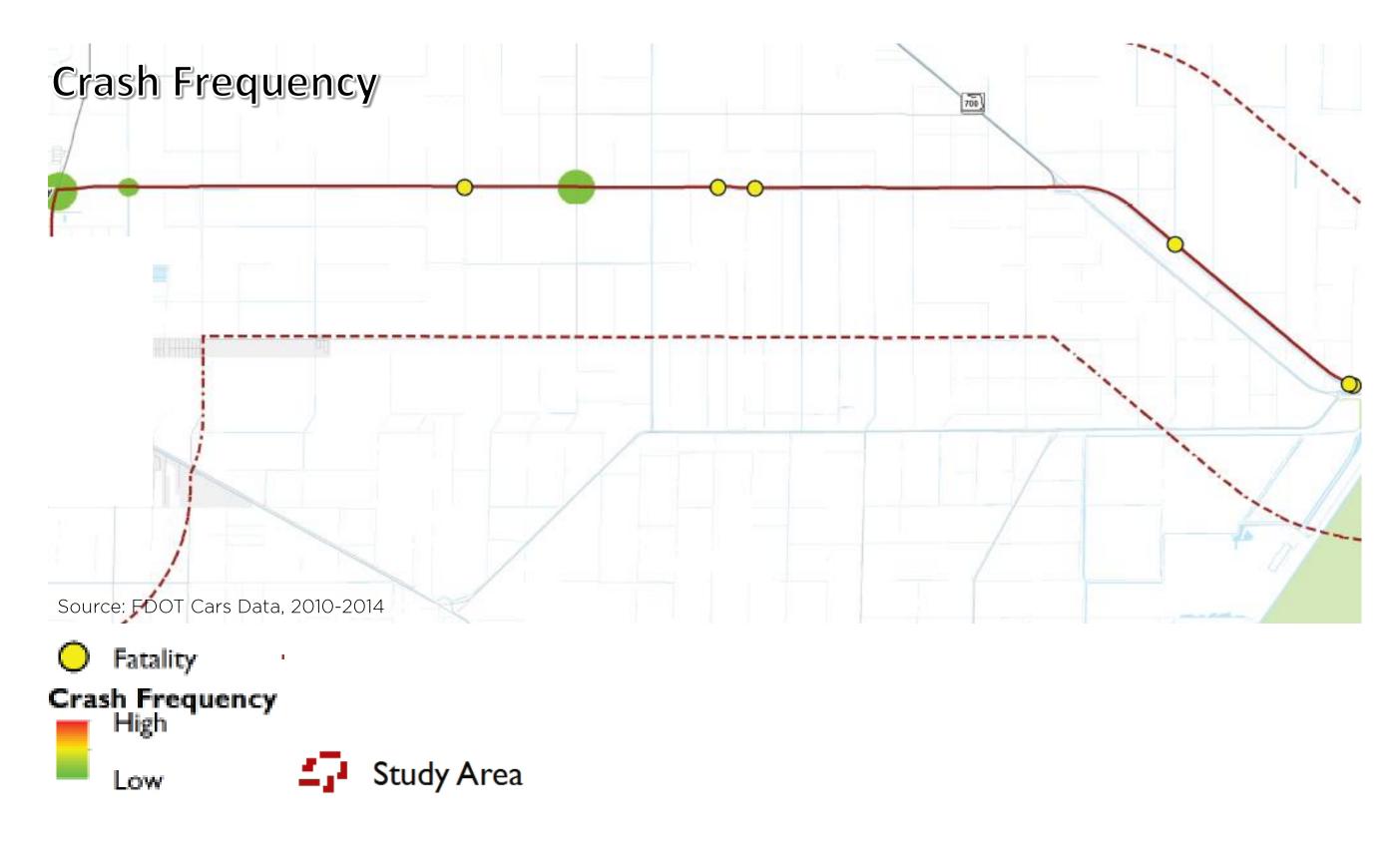
Regional Connection

 An additional east-west arterial is needed for emergency and evacuation purposes.



Safety

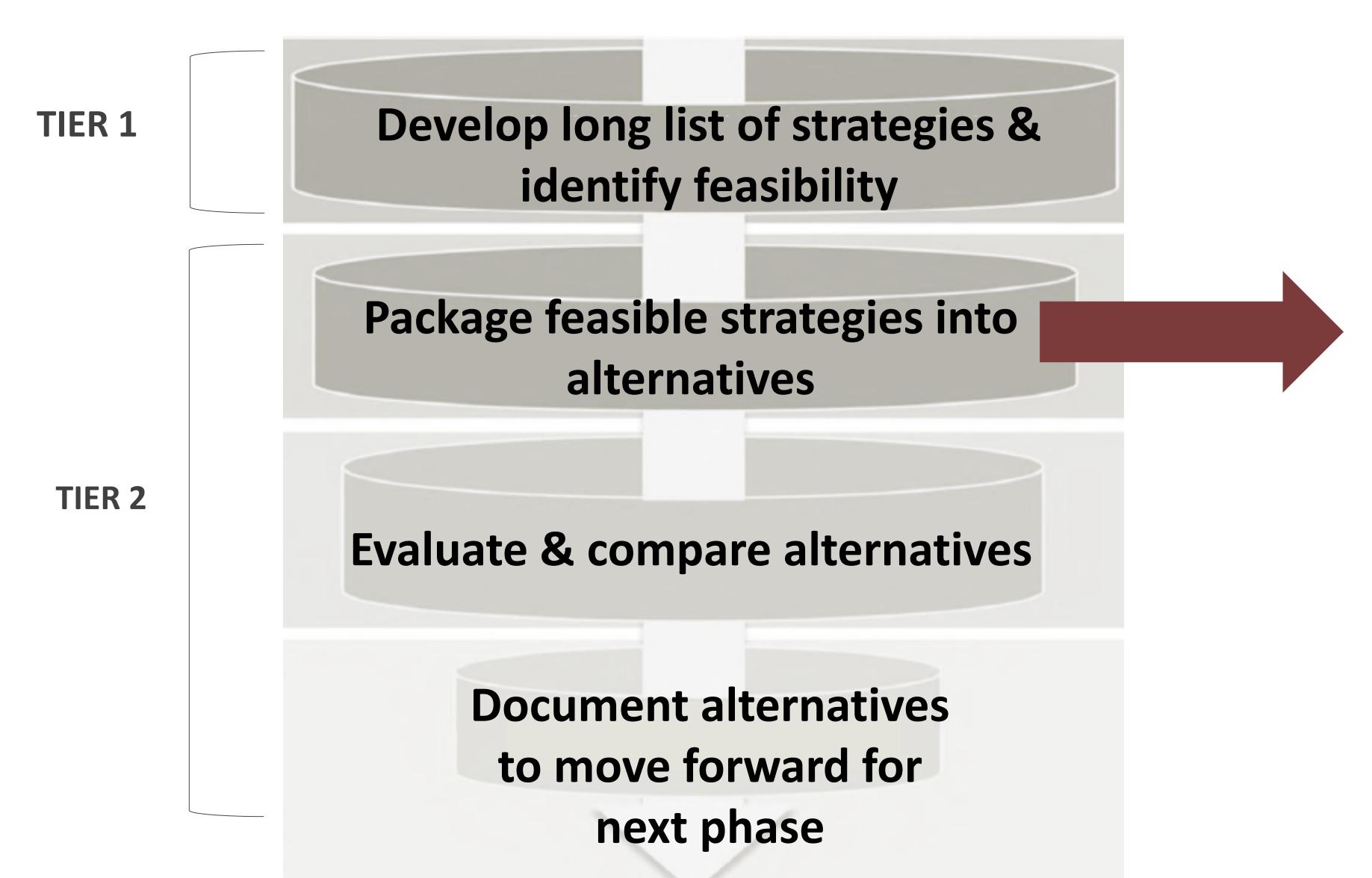
• The facility needs to safely accommodate northsouth crossing traffic and create higher visibility for all users.







SEGMENT 2 OVERVIEW OF TIERED ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



Screening Results Based On Identified Issues:

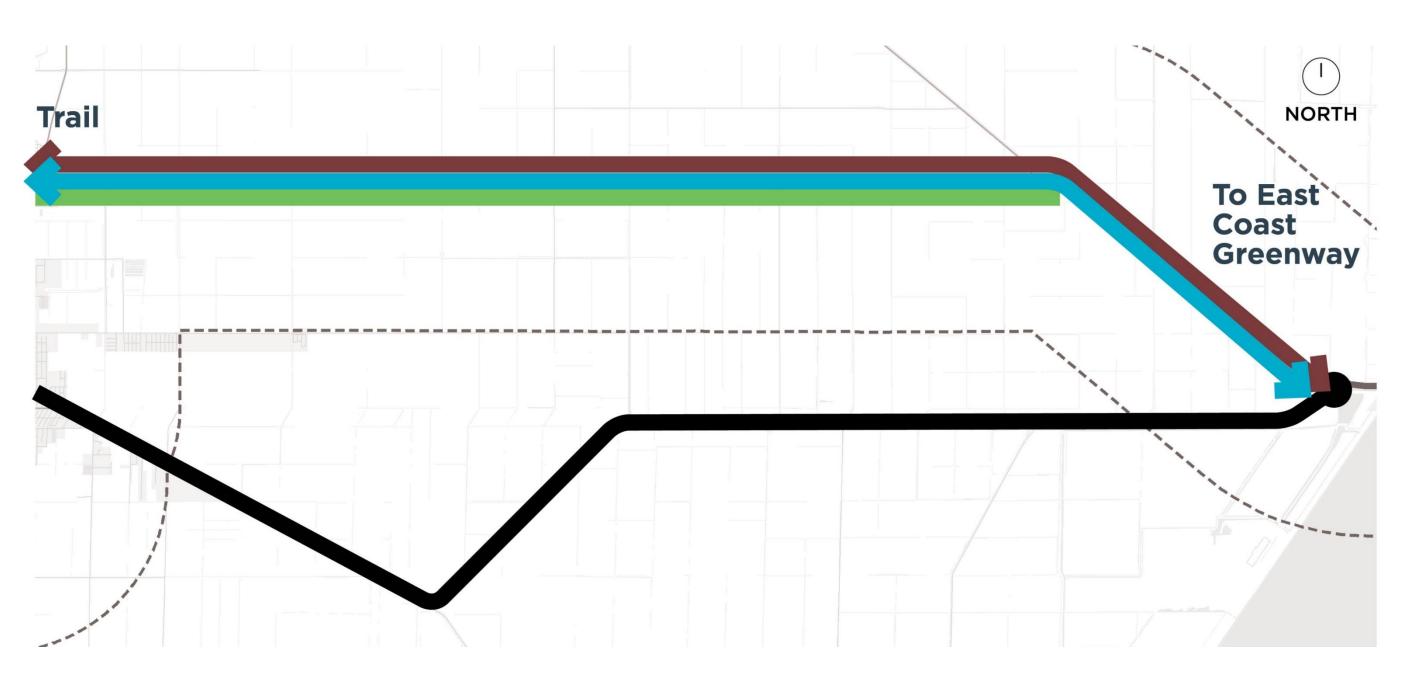
Strategies that did not move forward in the study process for Hooker Highway to 20-Mile Bend:

- Roadway capacity changes
- Premium transit (e.g., Light Rail Transit or Bus Rapid Transit)





Segment 2 Multimodal Alternative Strategies



Goal	Performance
Create a safer pedestrian and bicycle system	
Protect and support Rural Areas of Opportunity	
Reduce freight/auto conflicts in rural areas	
Support the freight industry	

Good Acceptable O Poor

Corridor-Wide Greenway:

Provide greenway trail connecting the east to the Lake Okeechobee Scenic Trail (consistent with the adopted Regional Greenways Plan)

Resurfacing & Lighting Study: Implement recommendations from future lighting studies

Rehabilitation & Maintenance: Implement on-going County CR 880 rehabilitation project

Safety Study: Conduct indepth safety studies as needed to accommodate all users including freight and agricultural uses



Number of Votes Received from the Public at the Workshops (89 attendees in total)

20

16

27





20-MILE BEND to I-95 FINDINGS

SEGMENT 3 CHARACTERISTICS

Population and Employment

 Population increases to the west and employment increases to the east create more SR 80 trips.



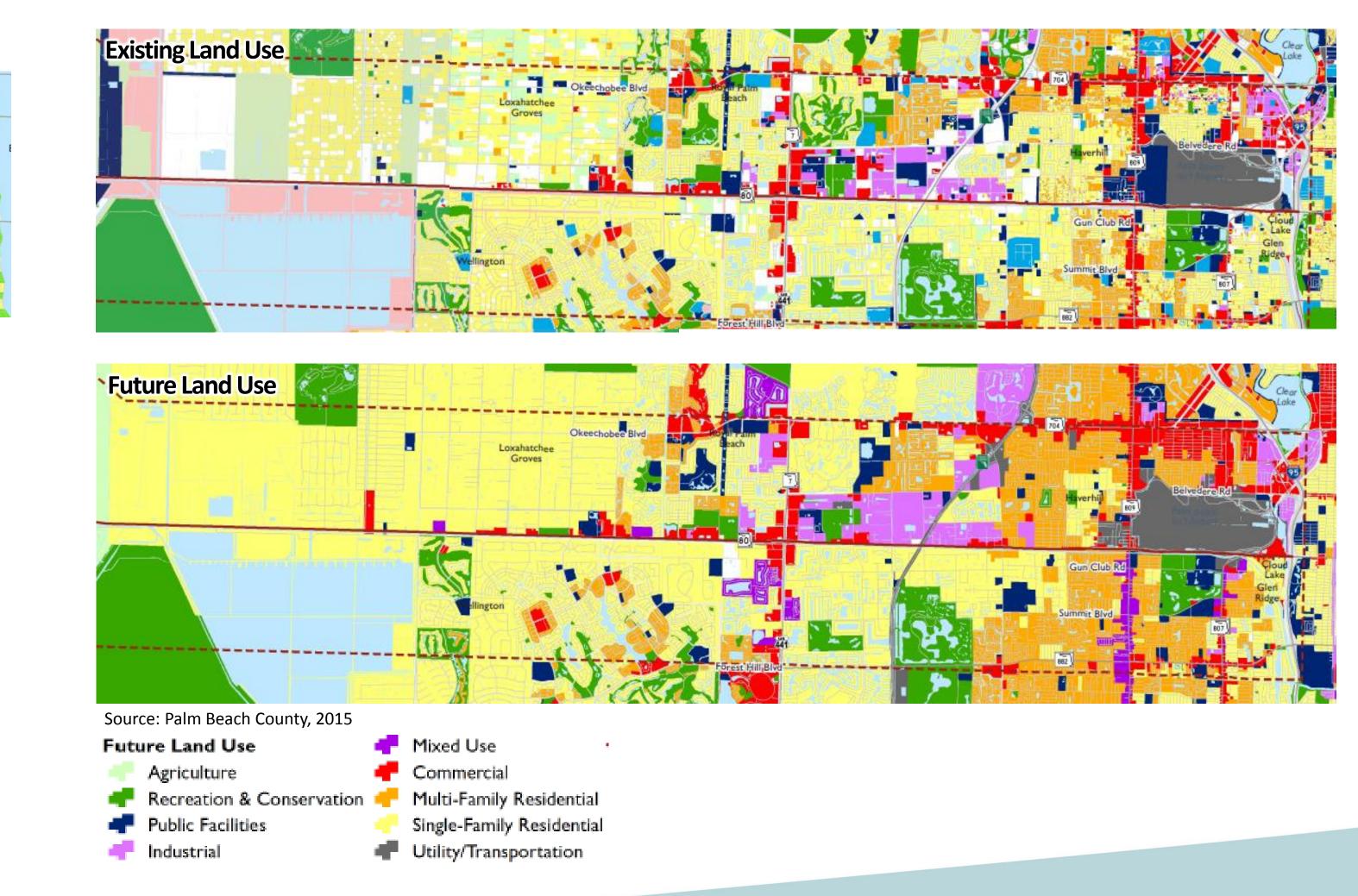


Source: SERPM 7.062 2014 to 2040 Population/ **Employment Change**

Decrease **Study** Area 1 - 100 101 - 250 251 - 500 > 500

Land Use and Development

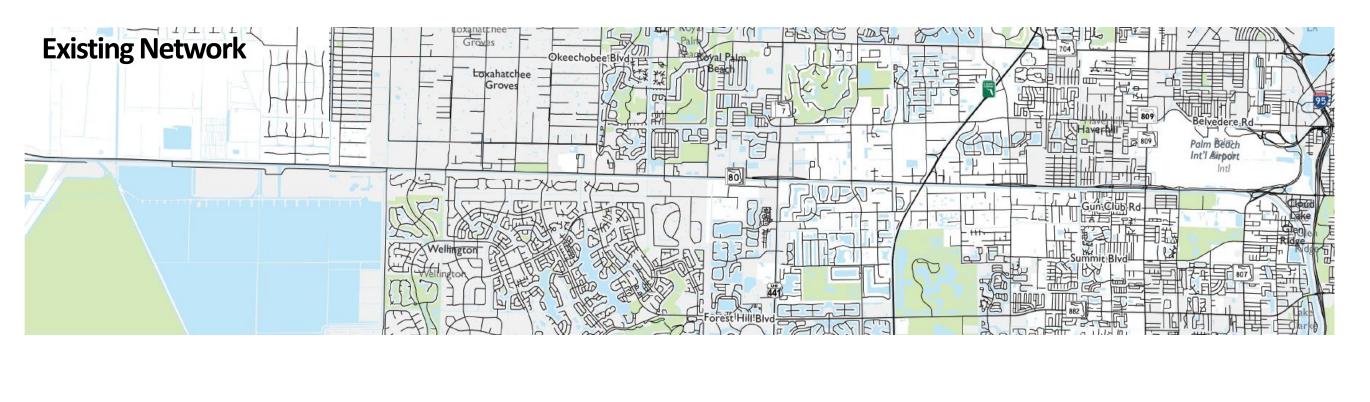
• Emerging development patterns are auto-oriented and will create more auto demand on SR 80 in the future.





Network

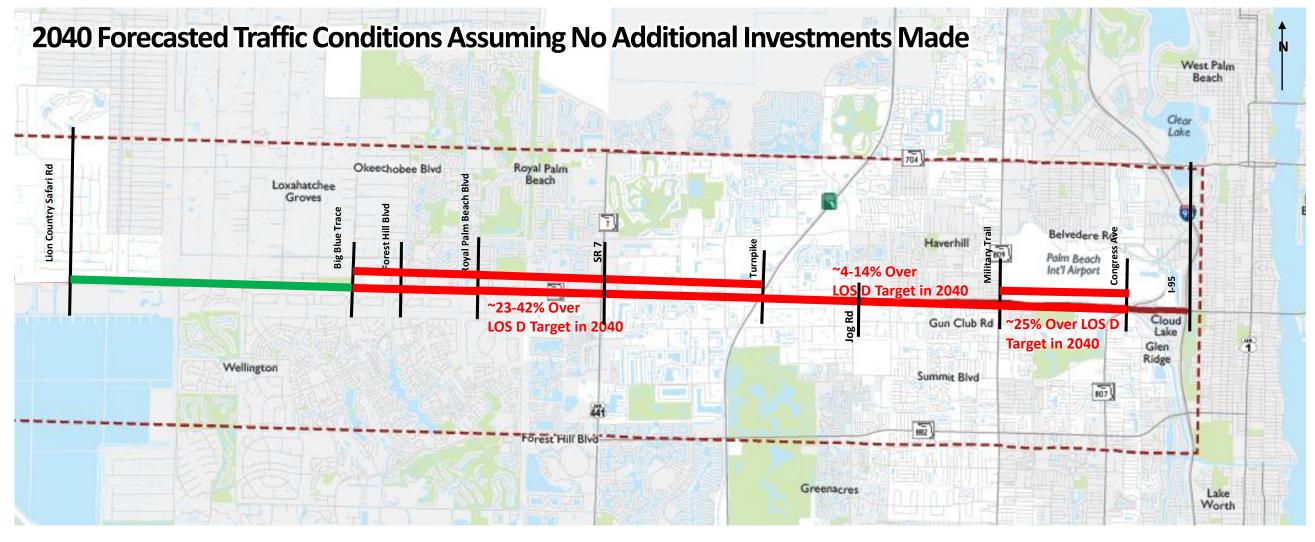
- East-west connections are limited to the north and south of SR 80.
- A limited east-west network forces a majority of trips in the area to use SR 80.







- This segment is not on FDOTs high crash list, but there is potential to make it safer.
- Congestion is expected to exceed the level-of-service D target.



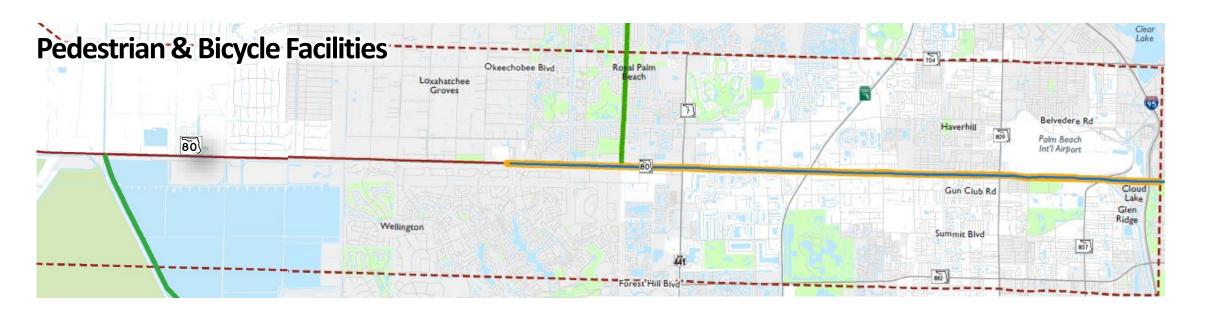
Forecasted to Meet LOS D Standard in 2040 Forecasted to Not Meet LOS D Standard in 2040 % = % over LOS D Service Volume





Walking and Biking

• 50% of pedestrian & bicycle crashes resulted in a fatality.





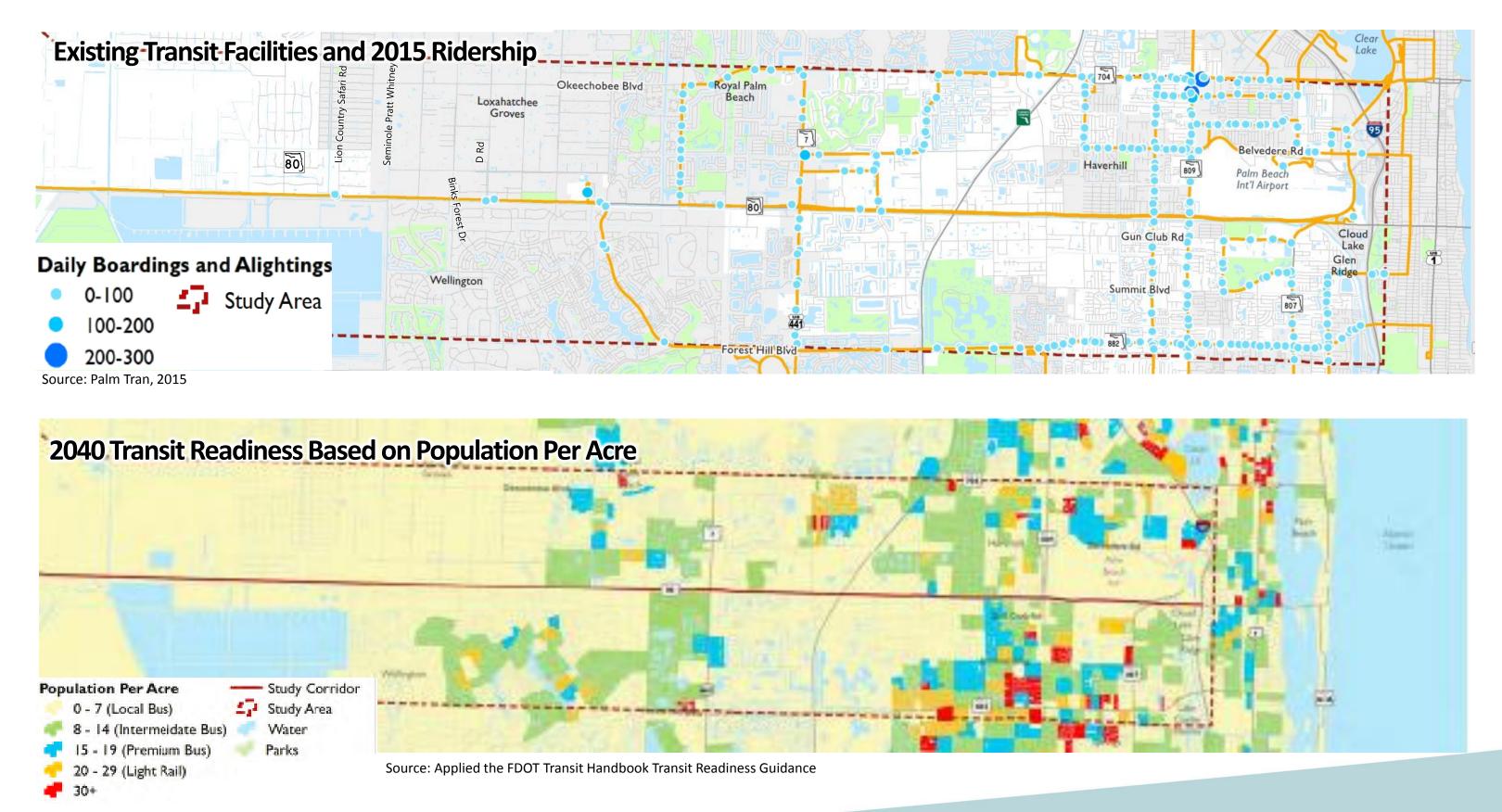
Source: FDOT CARS Data, 2010-2014

— Designated Bike Lanes on SR 80 Sidewalks on SR 80 Designated Greenways

Pedestrian Fatality • Pedestrian Crash Bicycle Crash **Bicycle Fatality Study** Area

Transit

- This section of the corridor is not ready for premium transit (e.g., Bus Rapid Transit, Light Rail Transit, etc.) given existing and adopted future land uses.
- Access to transit is currently limited and should be improved upon to make it more convenient and accessible.

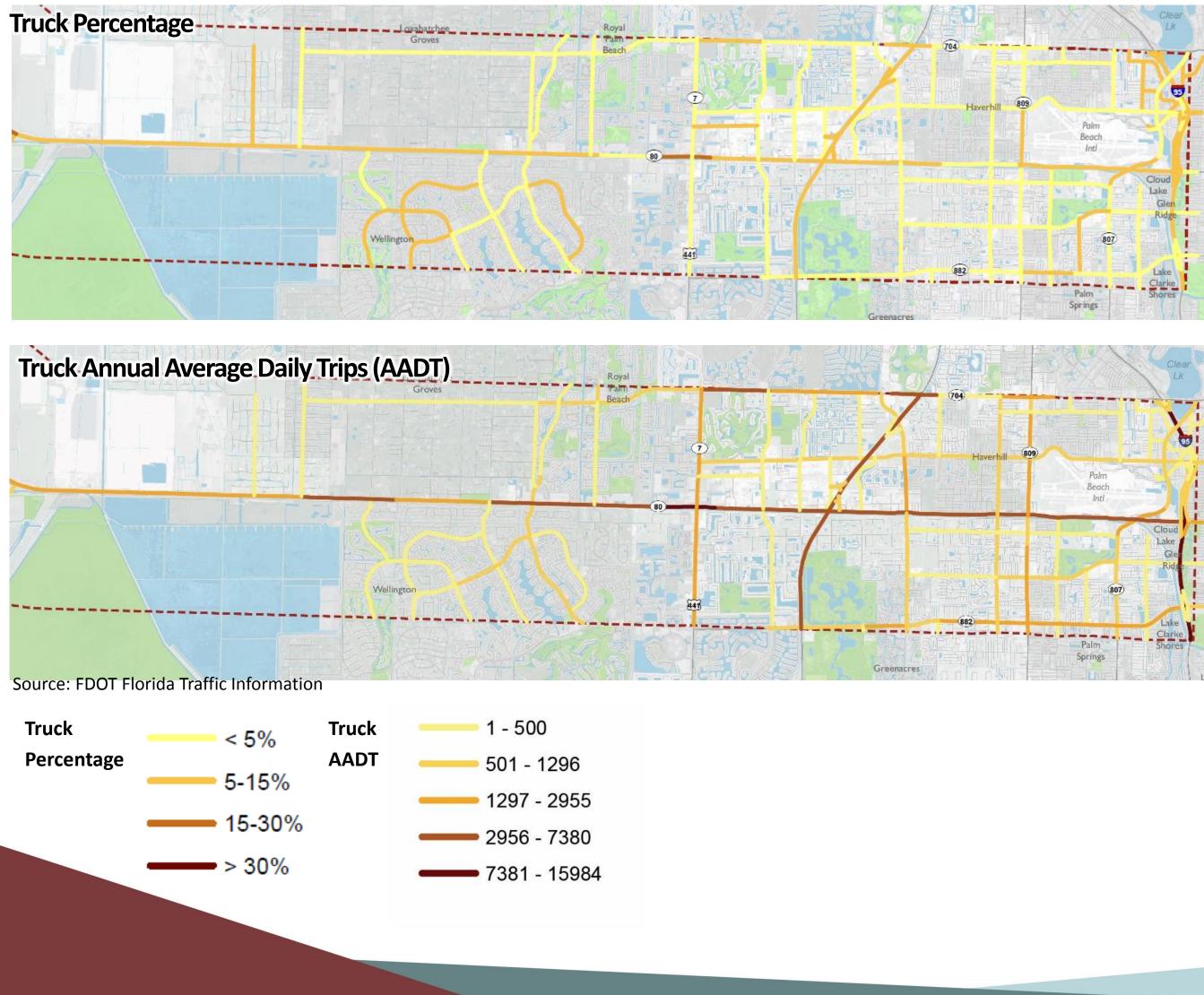






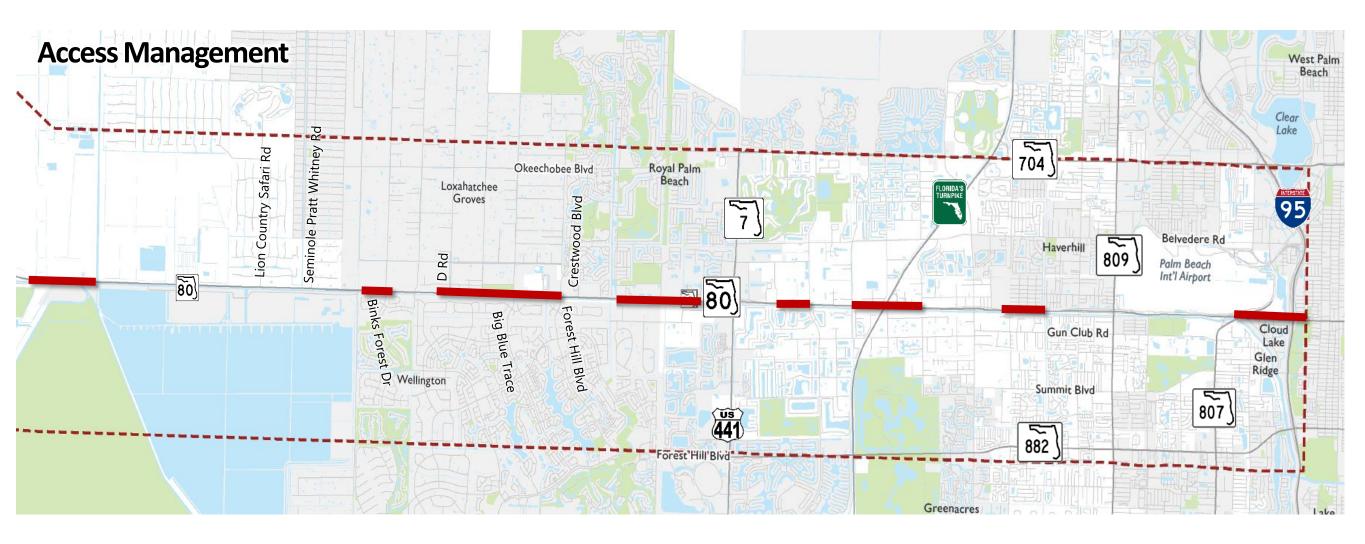
Freight

• Regional and local freight trips heavily rely on SR 80.



Access Management

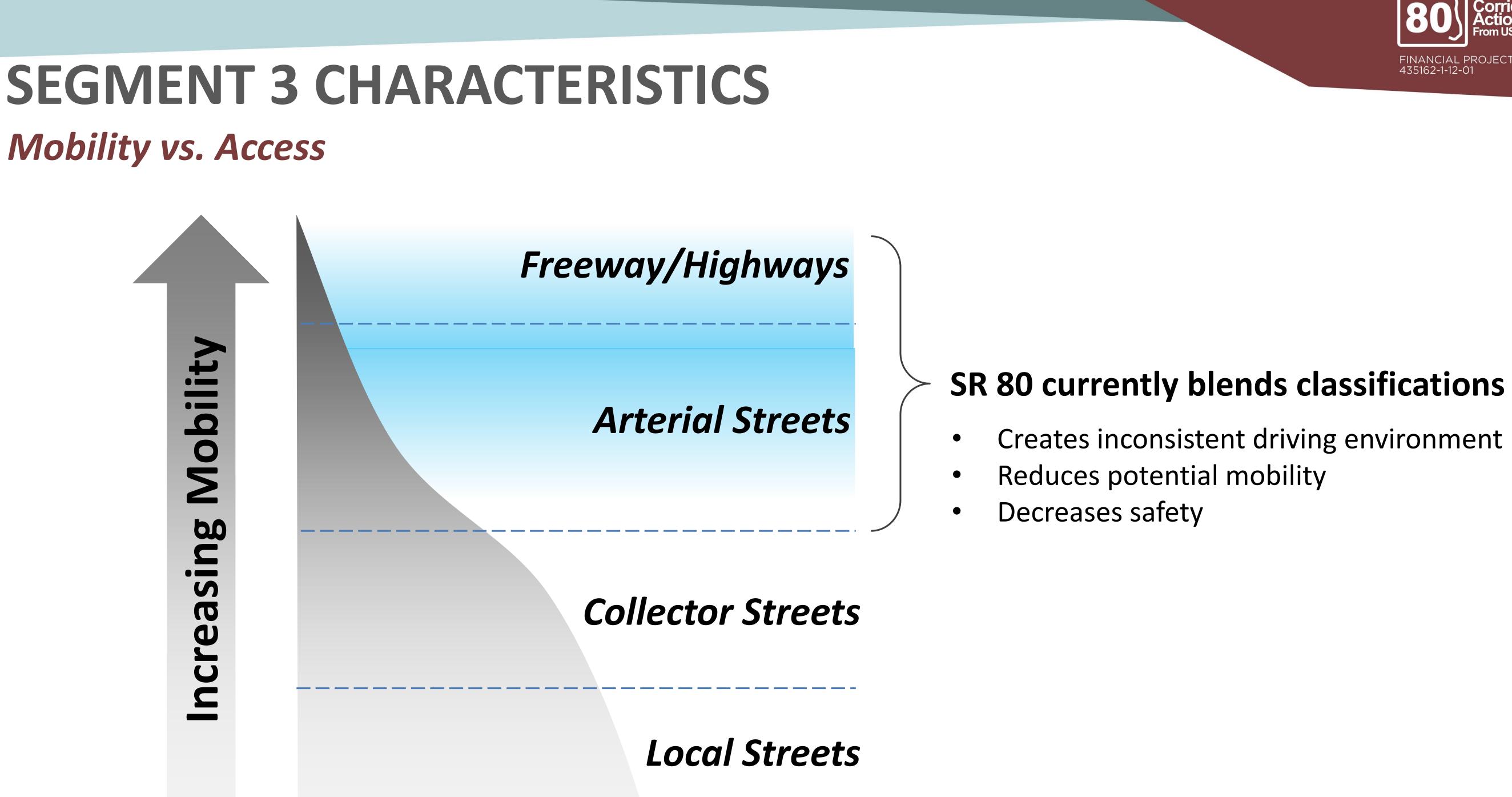
- 35% of the corridor does not meet access management standards from 20-Mile Bend to Forest Hill Boulevard.
- 47% of the corridor does not meet access management standards from Forrest Hill Boulevard to I-95; therefore, limiting mobility.



Sections that Do Not Meet FDOT Access Classification 3 Requirement







Increasing Access







SEGMENT 3 OVERVIEW OF TIERED ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



Screening Results Based On Identified Issues:

Strategies that did not move forward in the study process for 20-Mile Bend to I-95:

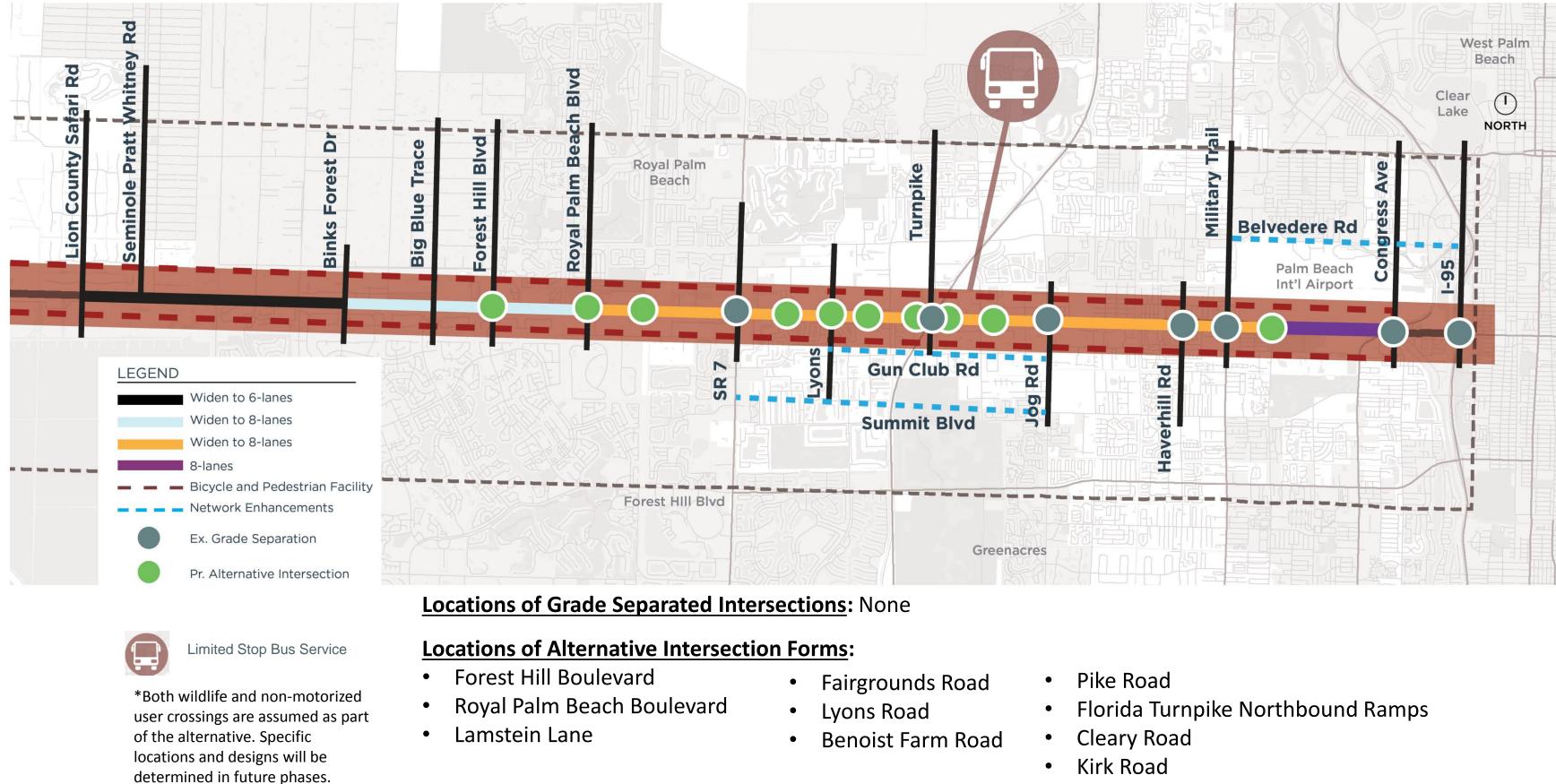
- General widening (e.g., a 10-lane version of what exists today)
- **Reversible lanes**
- Premium transit (e.g., Light Rail Transit or Bus Rapid Transit)





Segment 3

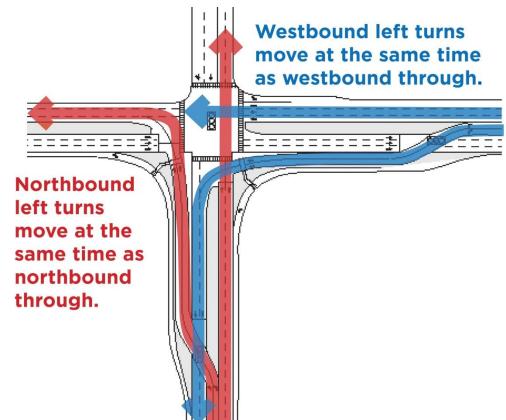
Alternative 1 - Signalized Arterial with Alternative Intersections



Median U-Turn Intersection

Eastbound Left Turns **Examples of** Alternative _____ _<u>_</u> Intersections Westbound Left Turns

Displaced Left Turn Intersection



Goal

Protect the mobility of the SIS provide capacity to serve futu development

Increase and improve access

Encourage non-single occupa trips

Preserve mobility for regional Provide access for local trips

Create a safer pedestrian and system

Support adopted future grow

Identify cost-effective investn

Minimize impacts to the envir

Minimize impacts to the busin community

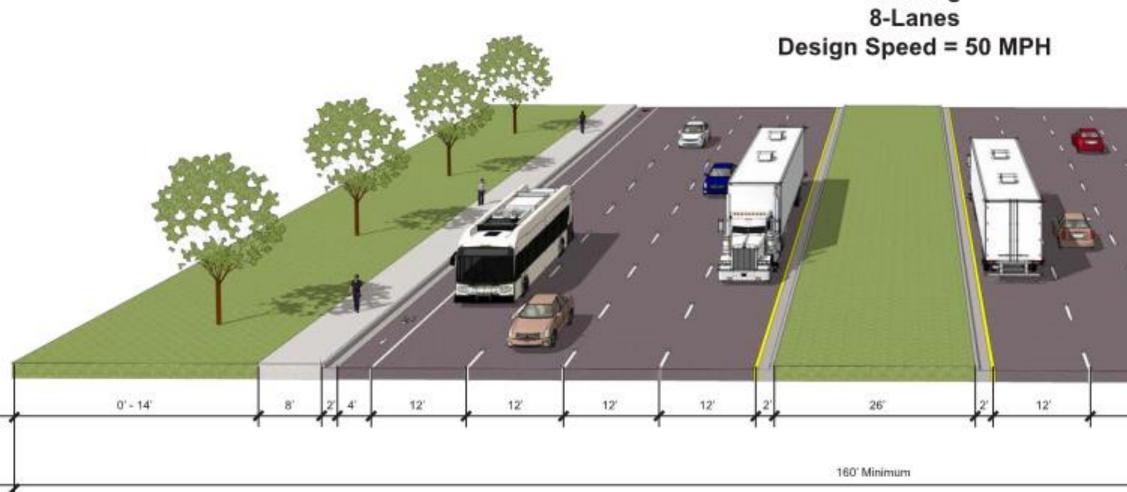




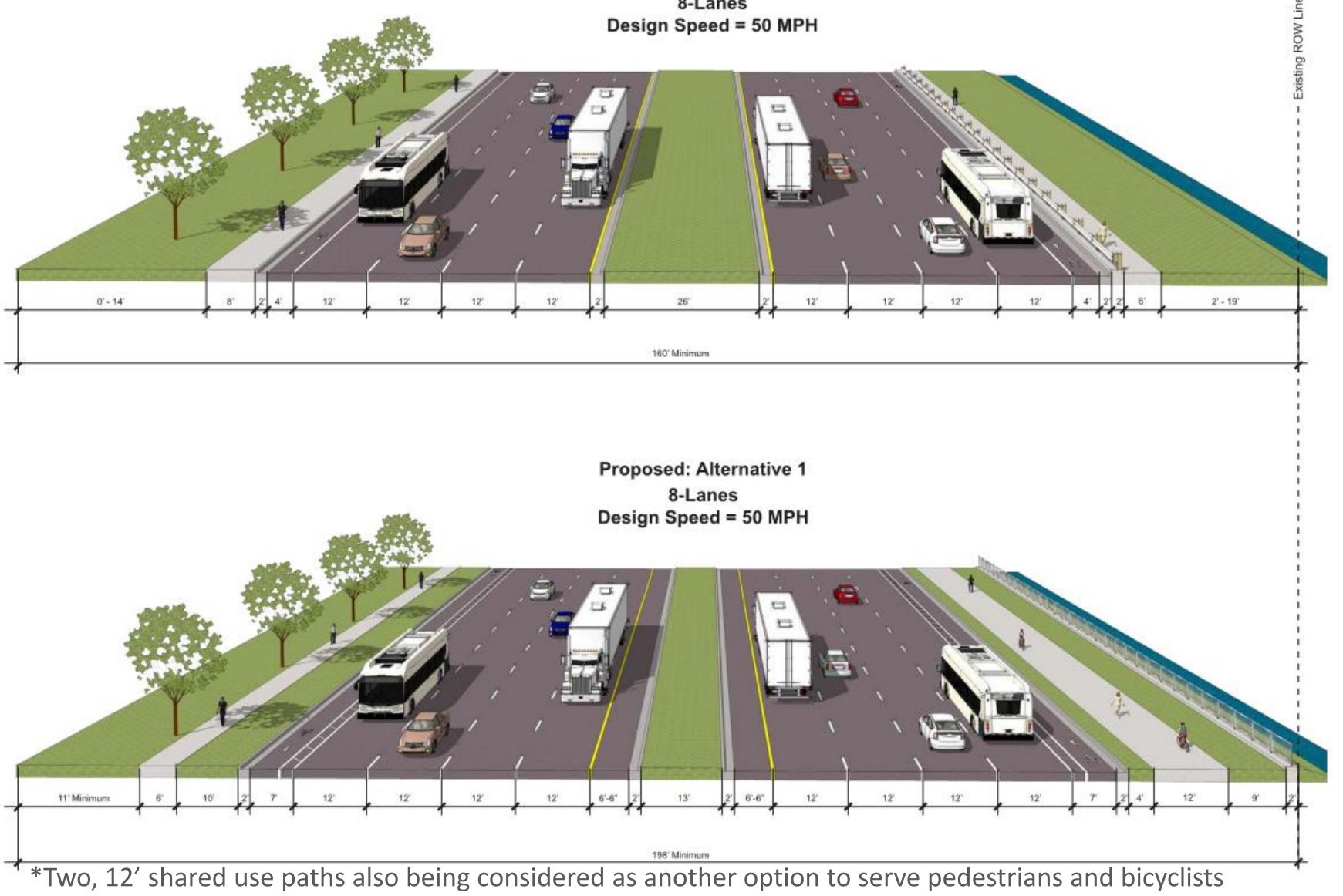
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Segment 3 **Alternative 1 - Signalized Arterial with Alternative Intersections** Existing



8-Lanes



Typical Section/Vision

Number of Votes Received from the Public at the Workshops (89 attendees in total)

16 (21%)

NOTE: Lanes may be managed as determined appropriate over time (i.e., bus only lanes, freight only lanes, ridesharing lanes, automated vehicle lanes, etc.)

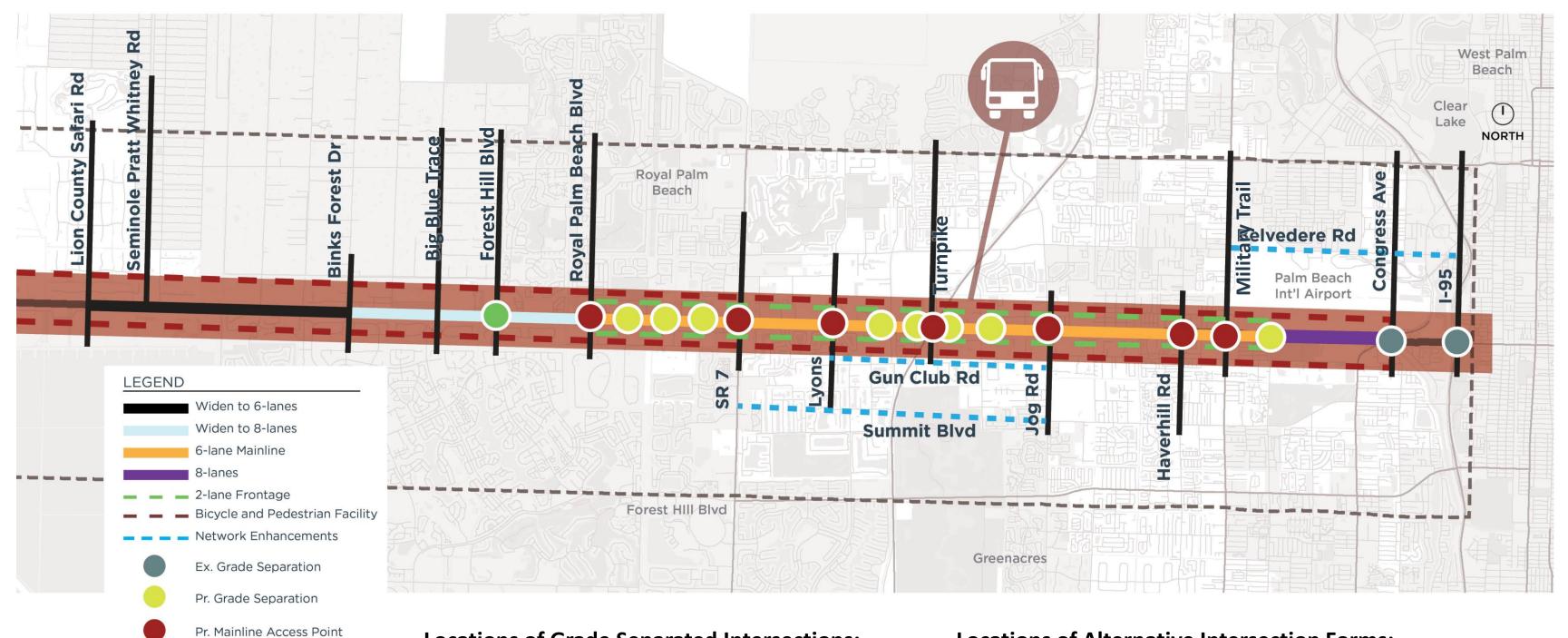






Segment 3

Alternative 2 - Partially Elevated Roadways for Through Traffic with Frontage Roads



Locations of Grade Separated Intersections:

Bold indicates direct access to mainline

- **Royal Palm Beach Boulevard**
- Royal Commerce •
- Lamstein Lane •
- 103rd Avenue
- SR 7

Pr. Alternative Intersection

Limited Stop Bus Service

*Both wildlife and non-motorized

user crossings are assumed as part

of the alternative. Specific locations and designs will be

determined in future phases.

- Lyons Road •
- Benoist Farm Road
- Pike Road •
- Florida Turnpike ٠
- Florida Turnpike Northbound Ramps •
- Cleary Road •
- Jog Road
- Haverhill Road/Military Trail
- Kirk Road

Locations of Alternative Intersection Forms: • Forest Hill Boulevard

Goal

Protect the mobility of the S provide capacity to serve fut development

Increase and improve access

Encourage non-single occup trips

Preserve mobility for regiona Provide access for local trips

Create a safer pedestrian an system

Support adopted future grow

Identify cost-effective invest

Minimize impacts to the env

Minimize impacts to the bus community



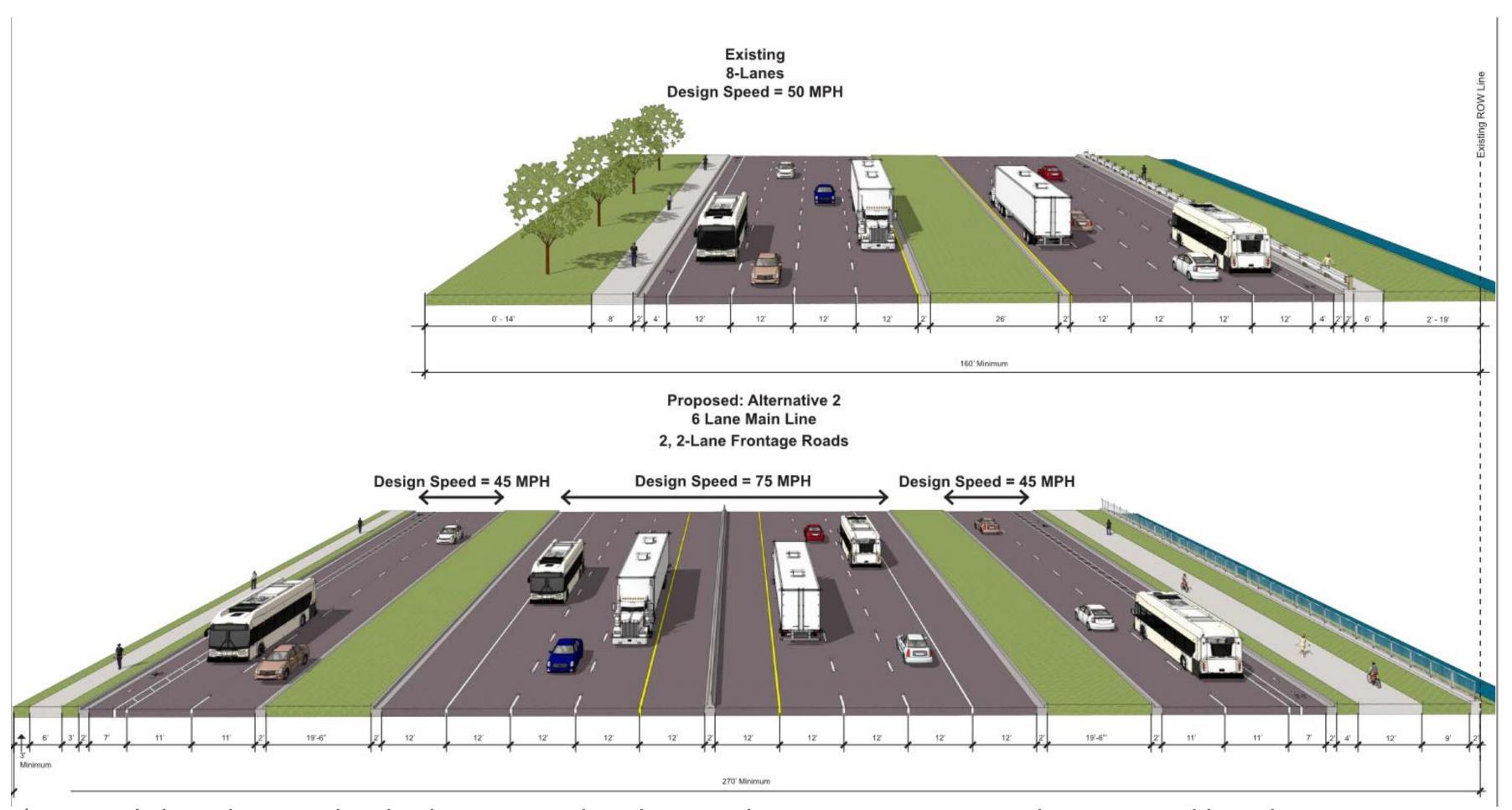


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Segment 3

Alternative 2 - Partially Elevated Roadways for Through Traffic with Frontage Roads



*Two, 12' shared use paths also being considered as another option to serve pedestrians and bicyclists

Typical Section/Vision

(89 attendees in total)

23 (30%)

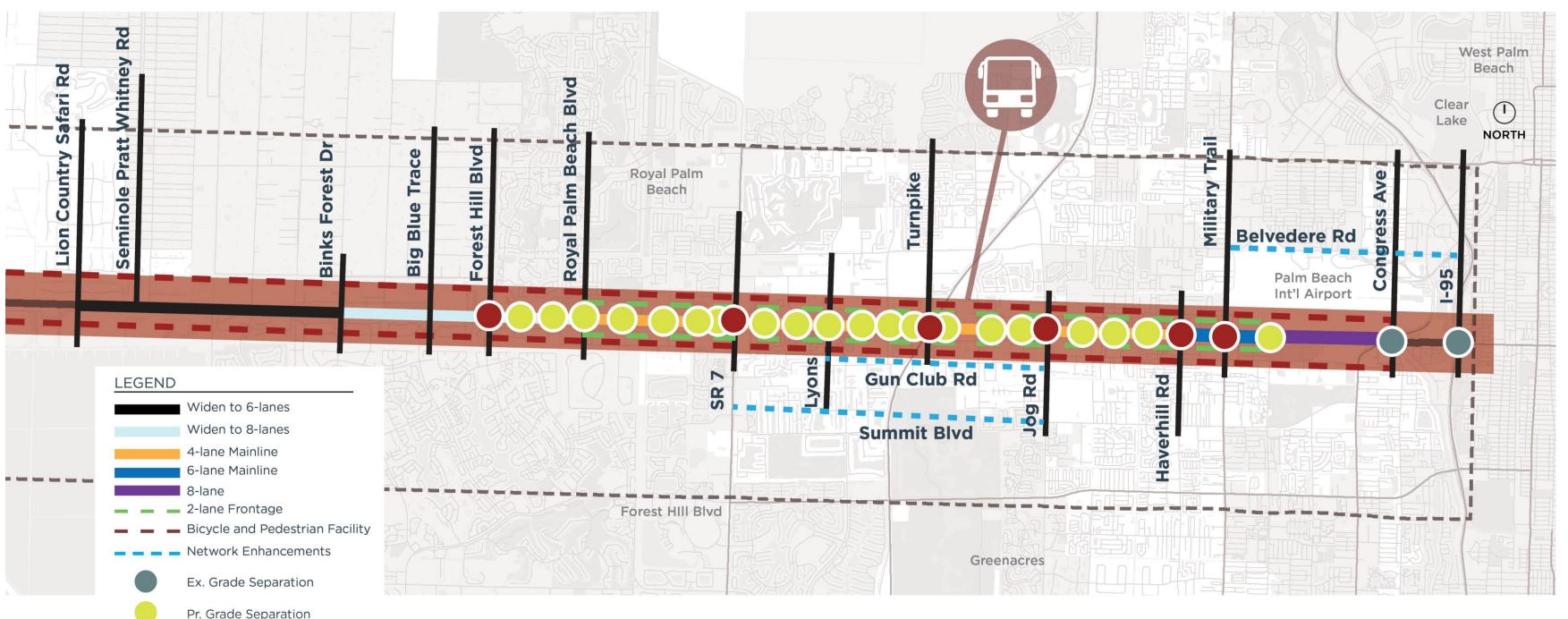
NOTE: Lanes may be managed as determined appropriate over time (i.e., bus only lanes, freight only lanes, ridesharing lanes, automated vehicle lanes, etc.)



Number of Votes Received from the Public at the Workshops



Segment 3 **Alternative 3 - Fully Elevated Roadways for Through Traffic with Frontage Roads**



Locations of Grade Separated Intersections:

Bold indicates direct access to mainline

- Crestwood Court
- Cypress Head
- Farm Credit
- Royal Palm Beach Boulevard •
- Royal Commerce
- Lamstein Lane
- 103rd Avenue
- 105th Avenue
- SR 7

Pr. Mainline Access Point

*Both wildlife and non-motorized

of the alternative. Specific

locations and designs will be

determined in future phases

user crossings are assumed as part

Limited Stop Bus Service

- Fairgrounds Road
- S Florida Fair Road
- Lyons Road
- Kelly Drive
- Benoist Farm Road
- Pike Road
- Florida Turnpike

- Florida Turnpike Northbound Ramps
- Cleary Road
- U-turn
- Jog Road
- New Development Access
- Pine Avenue
- Caroline Drive
- Haverhill Road/Military Trail
- Kirk Road

Locations of Alternative Intersection Forms: • None

Goal

Protect the mobility of the S provide capacity to serve fut development

Increase and improve access

Encourage non-single occup trips

Preserve mobility for regiona Provide access for local trips

Create a safer pedestrian an system

Support adopted future grow

Identify cost-effective invest

Minimize impacts to the env

Minimize impacts to the bus community

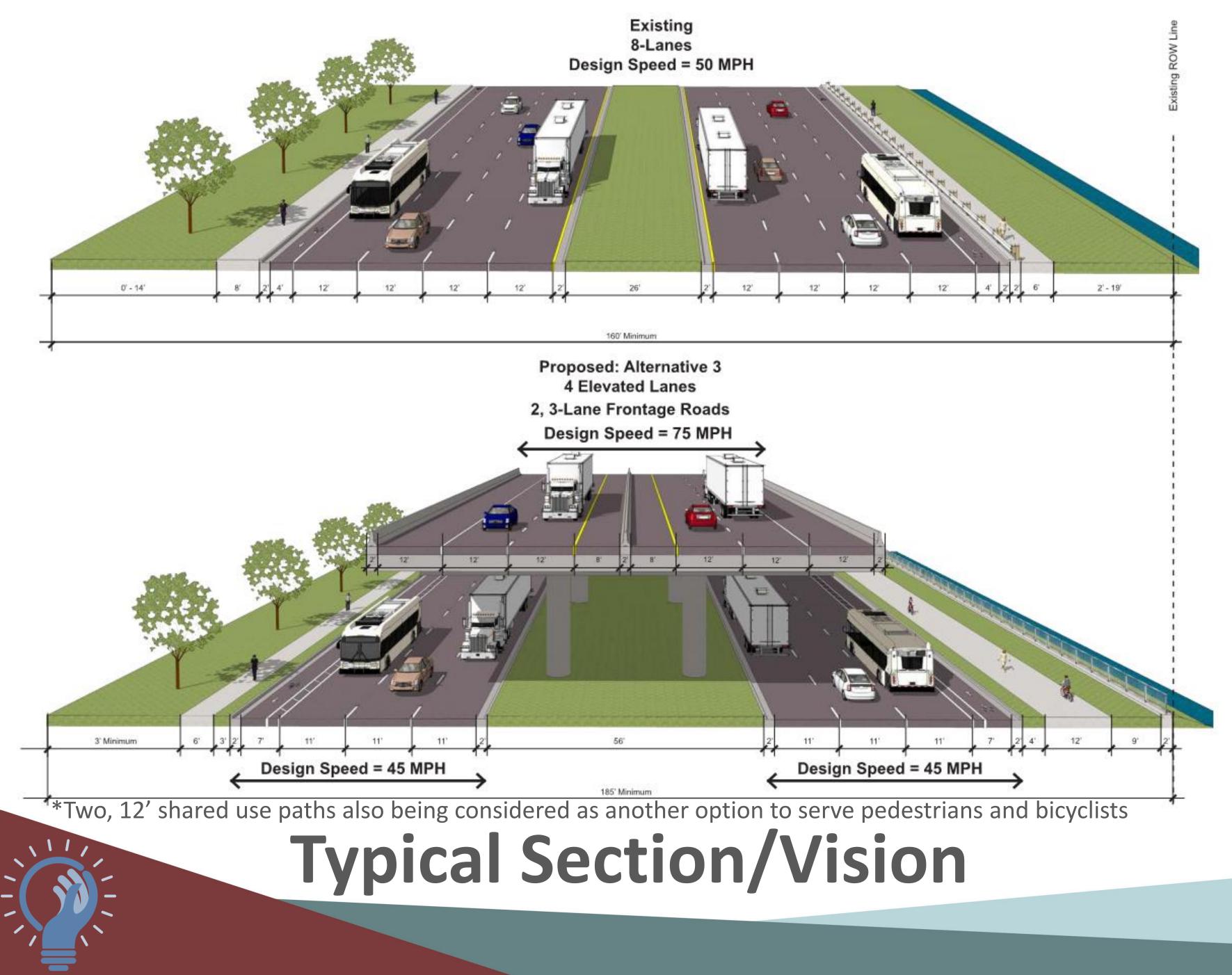




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Segment 3 **Alternative 3 - Fully Elevated Roadways for Through Traffic with Frontage Roads**



Number of Votes Received from the Public at the Workshops (89 attendees in total)

37 (49%)

NOTE: Lanes may be managed as determined appropriate over time (i.e., bus only lanes, freight only lanes, ridesharing lanes, automated vehicle lanes, etc.)

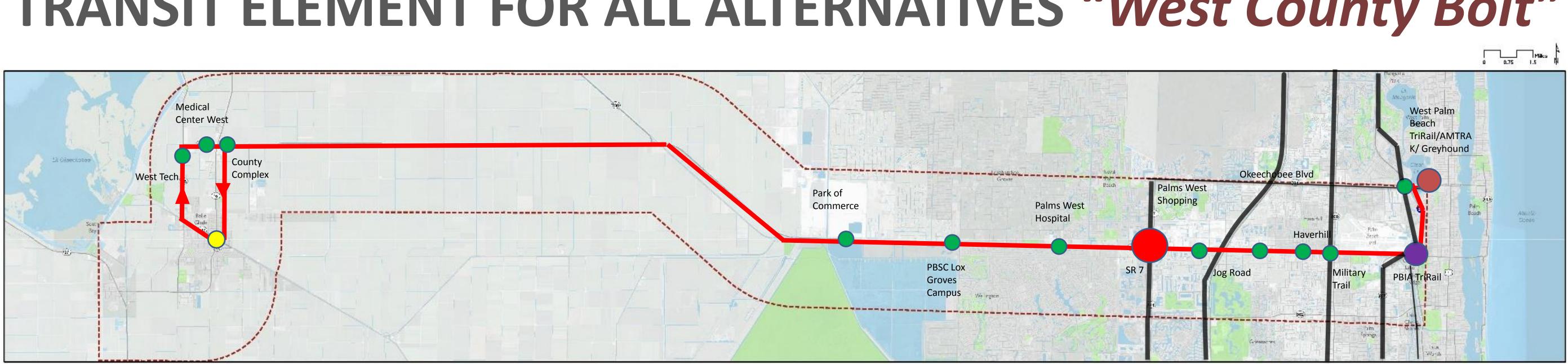






LET'S TALK TRANSIT!

TRANSIT ELEMENT FOR ALL ALTERNATIVES "West County Bolt"



existing Route 40 Limited Stop service between Belle Glade and Downtown West Palm Beach. **Service Elements Ideas:**

- Hours of Operation 4 Hours AM Peak and 4 Hours PM Peak, Weekdays Only
- 30 min Headways (added to existing 60 min. service)
- 45.9 miles of Limited Stop Park-and-Ride Lot Service
- 7 60 Foot, low floor, articulated, diesel, wi-fi Buses (includes 2 spare vehicles)
- 11 Branded Stops
- 11 Joint use shared Park-and-Ride Lot Upgrades at Branded Stops
- 1 New Park-and-Ride Lot 100 spaces (Not including Right-of-way)
- Transit Signal Priority at 30 signals
- Belle Glade Loop

Description: Limited Stop Enhanced Bus Service with Park-and-Ride providing peak period Limited Stop service supplementing the

- Legend
- Existing Tri-Rail Station and Park-and-Ride
- New Tri-Rail Station and Park-and-Ride
- **Belle Glade Transfer Hub**
- Fairgrounds Hub 100 space Park-and-Ride Lot
- Branded Bus Stop w/Joint Park-and-Ride
- **—** Limited Stop Bolt Service
- Palm Tran Future Planned Express/Limited Stop Services



TRANSIT AND LAND USE DENSITY RELATIONSHIP

SR 80 is currently here

Circula	ator or
Loca	Bus

Rapid/Enhanced Bus and Express Bus

Dwelling units per acre (density)

Transit Mode

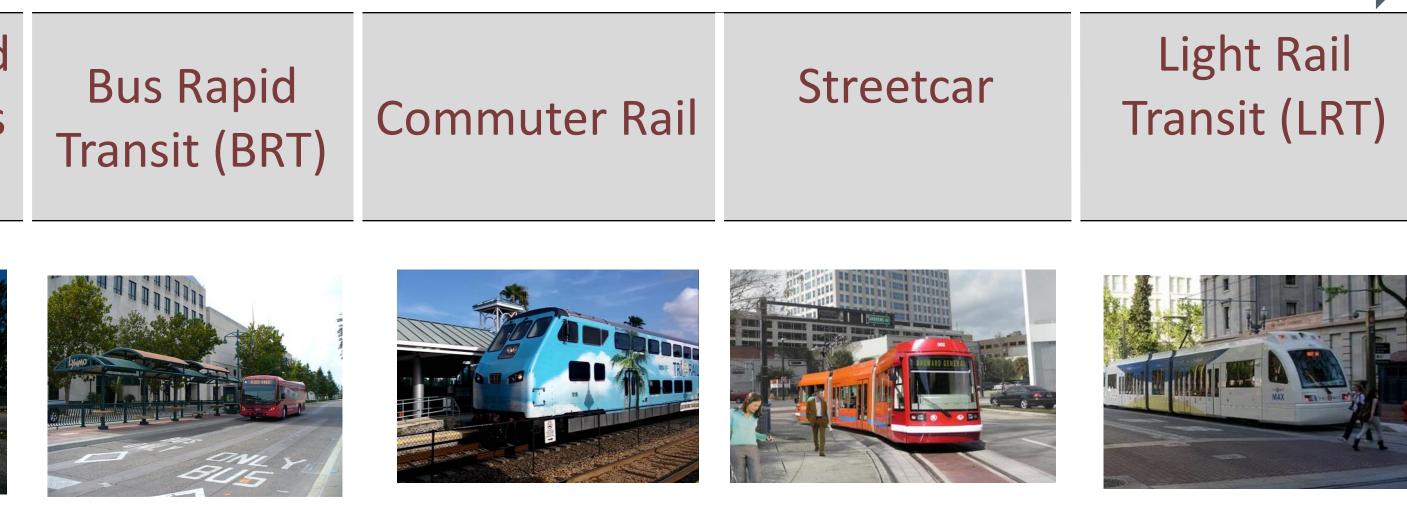
4-10

12-15



Source: http://datatoolkits.lincolninst.edu/subcenters/visualizing-density/gallery/index.aspx Lincoln Institute of Land Policy

Premium Transit Technologies and Related Land Use Densities are Here



17-20

10-20

15-20

This table shows the minimum amount of dwelling units or housing density that is needed to support various forms of transit.

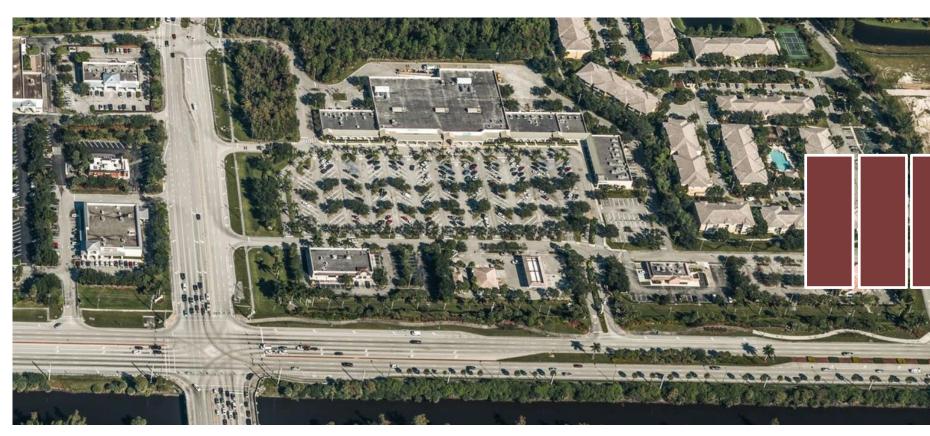


20-50

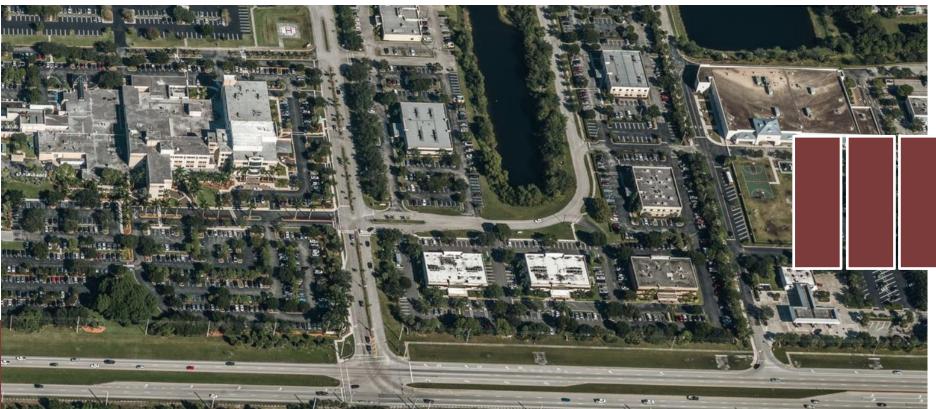


TELL US YOUR OPINION ON TRANSIT

Existing SR 80 Land Use Context







Minimum Supportive Densities Needed for Premium Transit









SHOULD THE REGION DENSIFY AND PRIORITIZE **INVESTING IN PREMIUM TRANSIT?**

Number of Votes Received from the Public at the Workshops (89 attendees in total)

Let's get it done now

30

Not quite ready but interested



Maybe for my grandkids







WHAT HAPPENS NEXT?

- Production of the final report will occur in April 2018 Segmentation review and vetting activities will occur for an
- unknown length of time
- Includes coordination with the 2045 SIS Planning efforts Includes coordination with the 2045 Palm Beach TPA LRTP efforts • Next phase activities will occur accordingly
- Funding strategies and schedule will be identified

NEXT STEPS



